

Java User Group Saxony 2013

# Exploration and Verification of Java Applications Using a Graph Database

buschmais

Beratung . Technologie . Innovation

Dirk Mahler  
buschmais GbR

**Inhaber**

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Dirk Mahler und Tobias Israel

dirk.mahler@buschmais.com  
<http://www.buschmais.de/>

Dresden, 12/05/2013

# Agenda

- ❑ Introducing A Graph Database: Neo4j
- ❑ Modeling Software Structures As A Graph
- ❑ Exploring An Application Using Queries
- ❑ Live Demo #1
- ❑ Structures, Rules and Erosion
- ❑ Validation Of Conventions And Constraints
- ❑ jQAssistant
- ❑ Live Demo #2

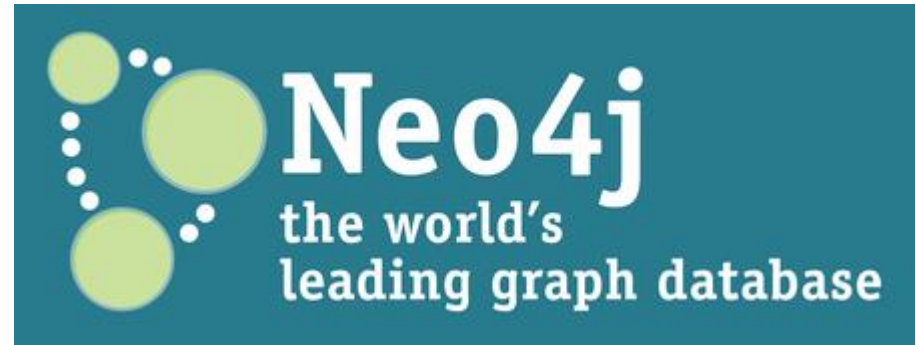
Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications  
Using A Graph Database

# Introducing A Graph Database – Neo4j

# Introducing A Graph Database – Neo4j

## □ Just some facts

- <http://www.neo4j.org>
- Latest Stable Release: 1.9.5
- Upcoming: 2.0.0 (RC1)
- Implemented in Java(!)
- Running embedded with native Java API...
- ...or as standalone server via REST
- Several Language Bindings, e.g. Java, JS, Ruby, PHP, .NET, ...
- HA features
- Query language: Cypher
- Comprehensive documentation and online tutorials
- Community (Open source) and commercial licenses available



Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications

Using A Graph Database

# Modeling Software Structures As A Graph

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- Let's model a Java class as a graph!

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```
public class Customer extends Person {  
    private int number;  
  
    public int getNumber() {  
        return this.number;  
    }  
}
```

# Modeling Software Structures As A Graph

- All we need is...
  - Nodes
  - Labels
  - Properties
  - Relationships
- Modeling is just...
  - Taking a pen
  - Drawing the structures on a whiteboard (i.e. the database)
- We don't need...
  - Foreign keys
  - Tables and schemas
  - Knowledge in graph theory



# Modeling Software Structures As A Graph

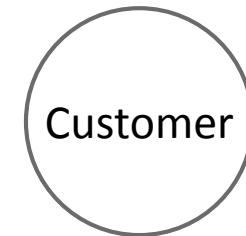
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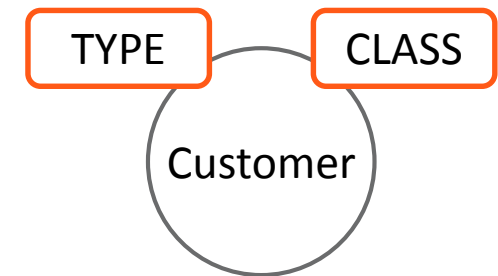
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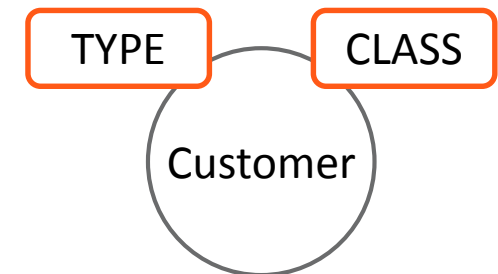
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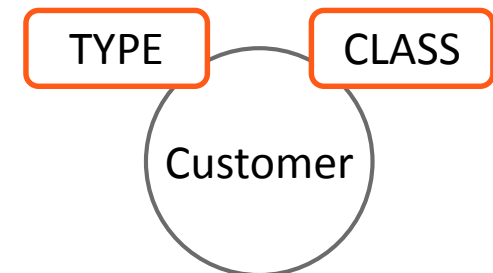
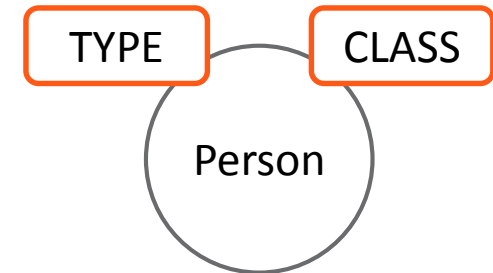


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VISIBILITY:PUBLIC

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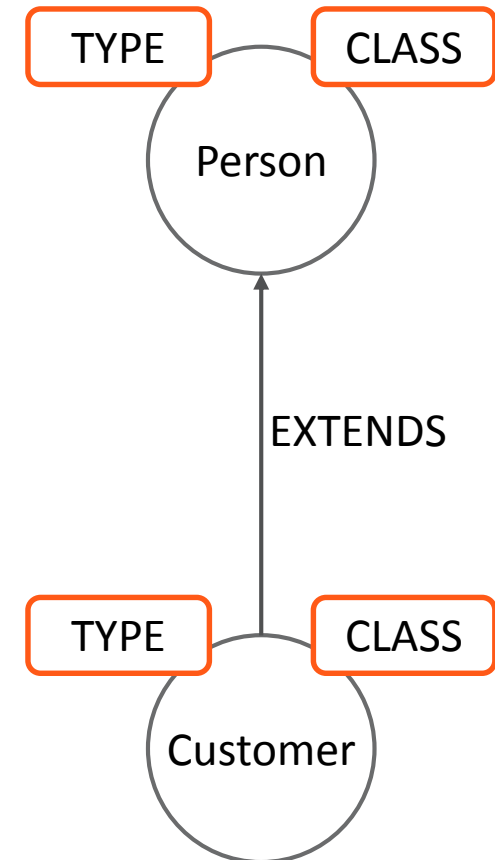


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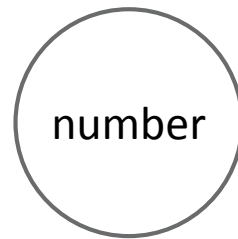
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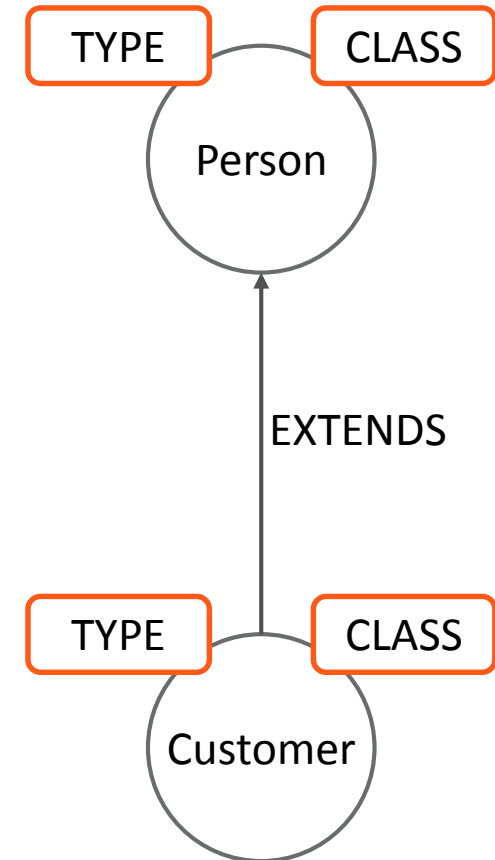
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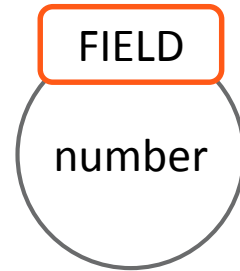


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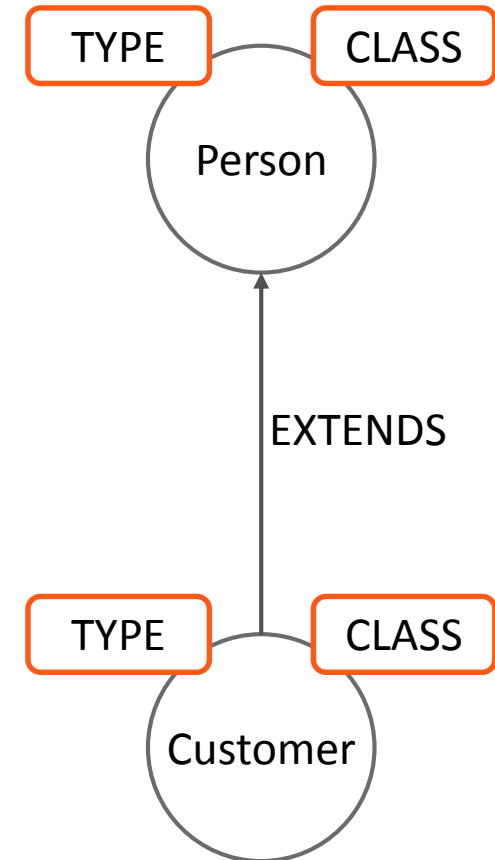


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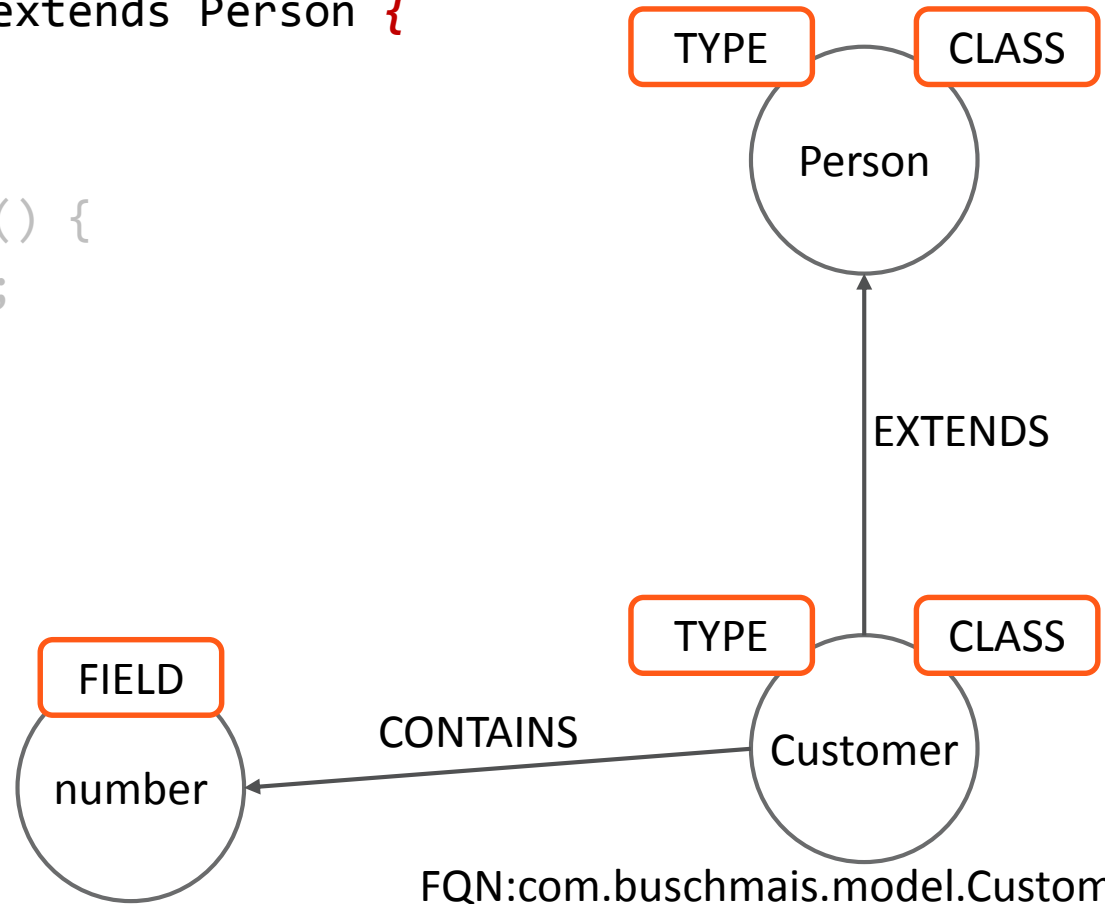


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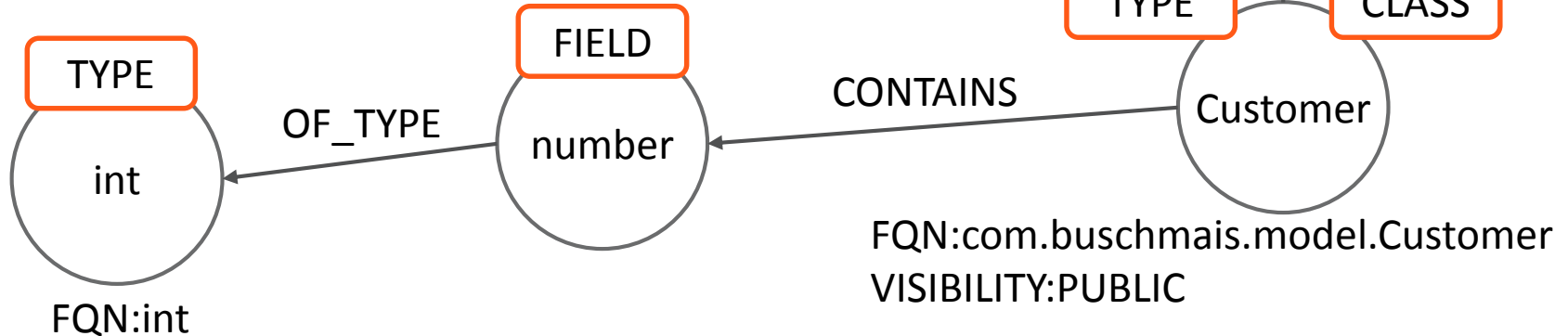


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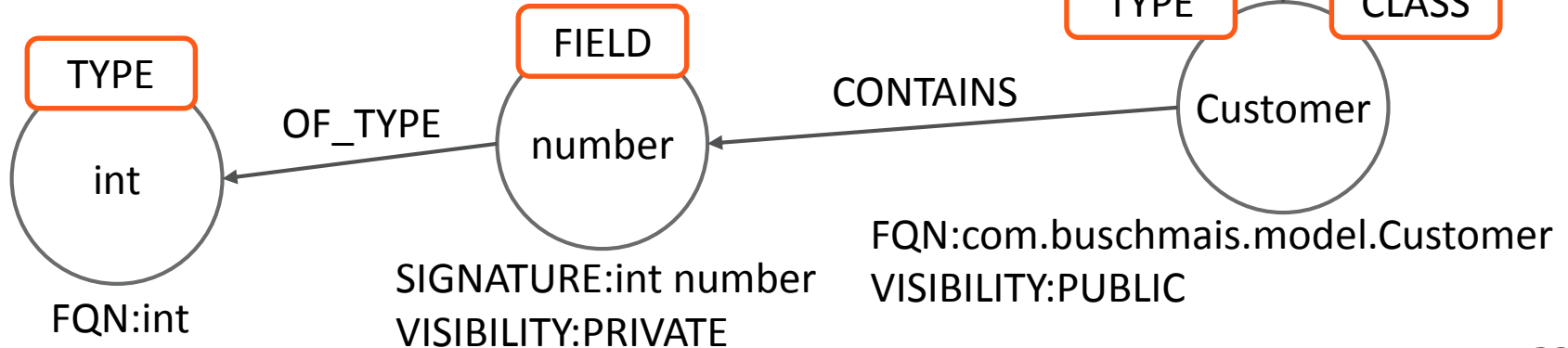
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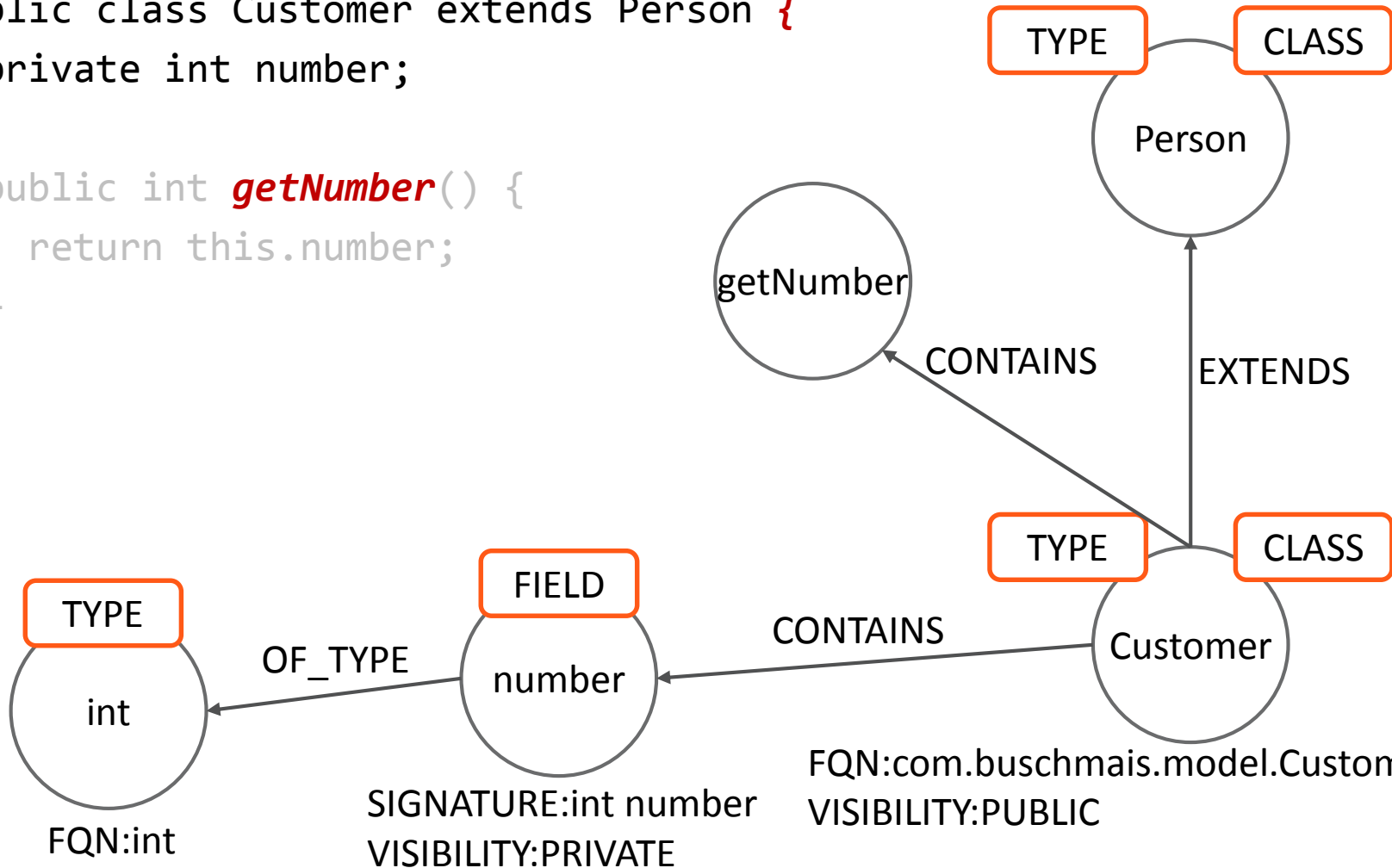
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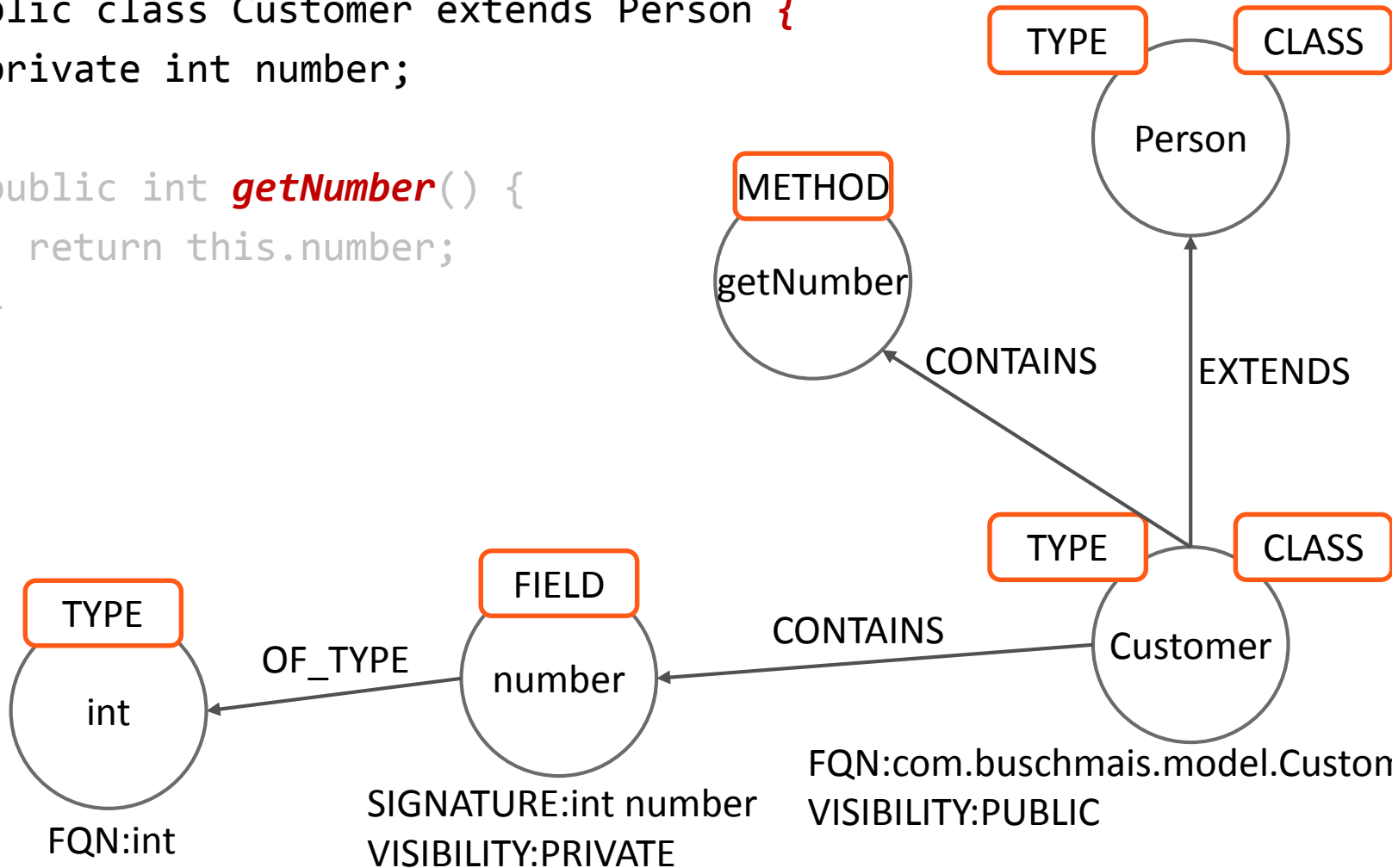
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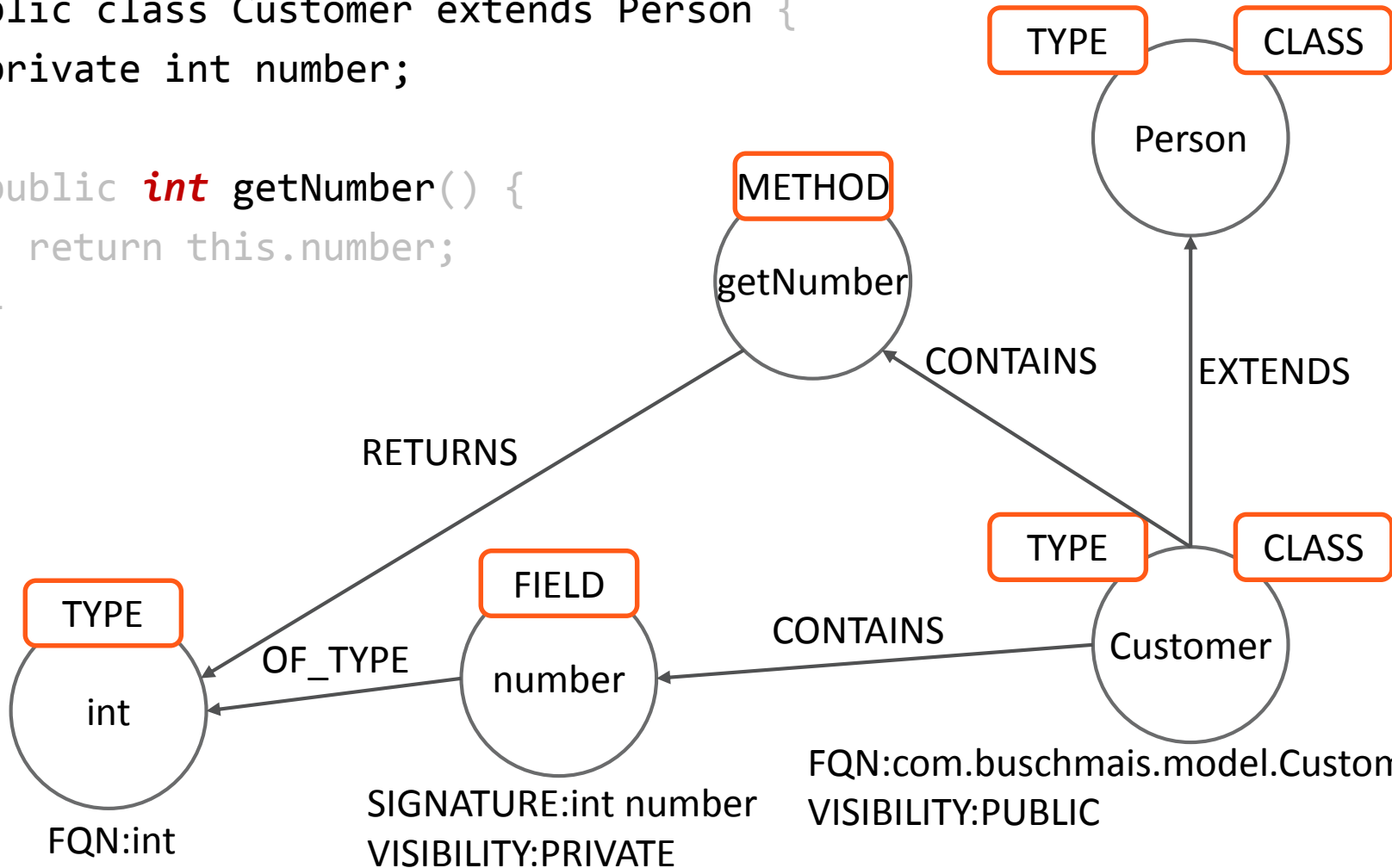


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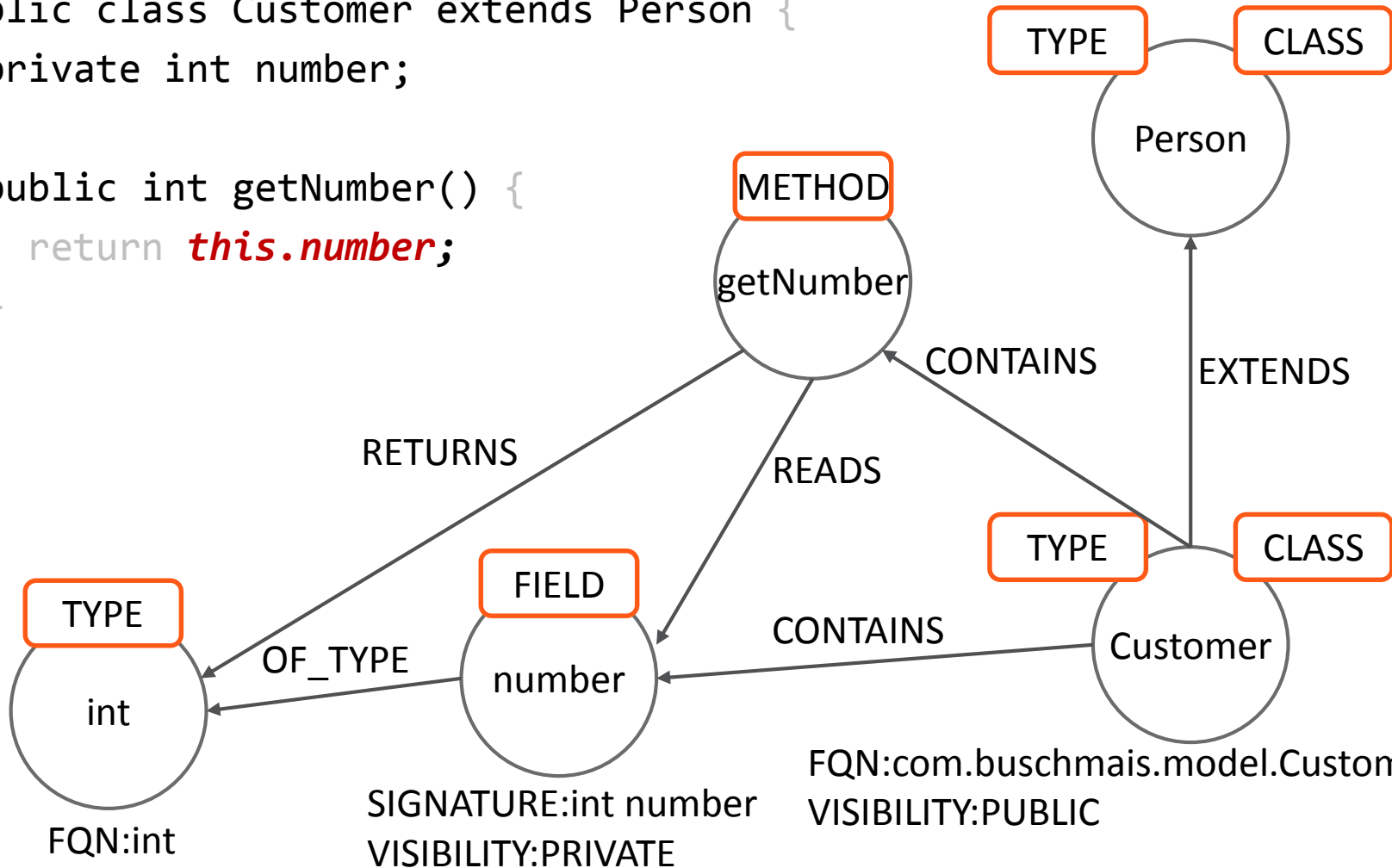
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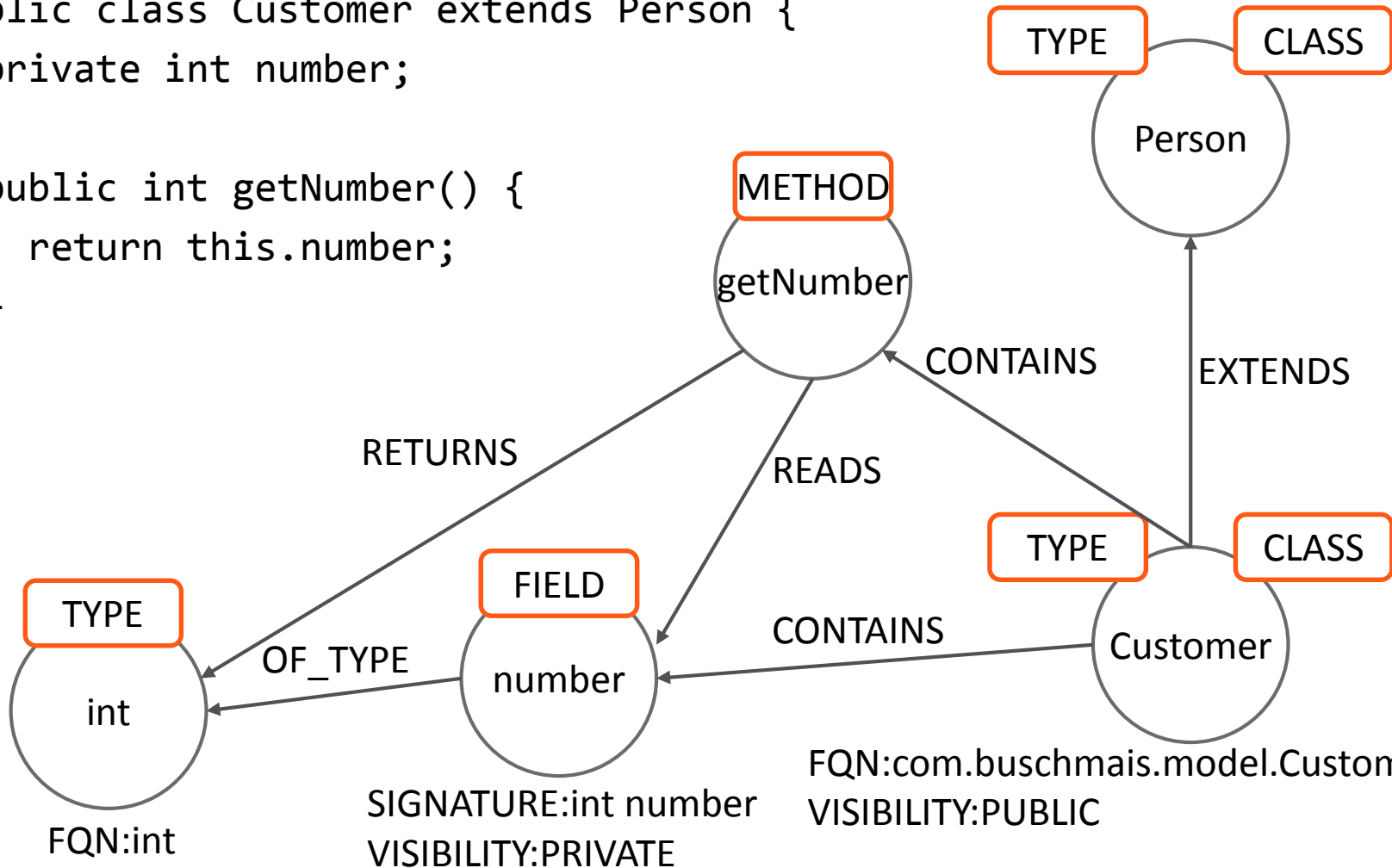




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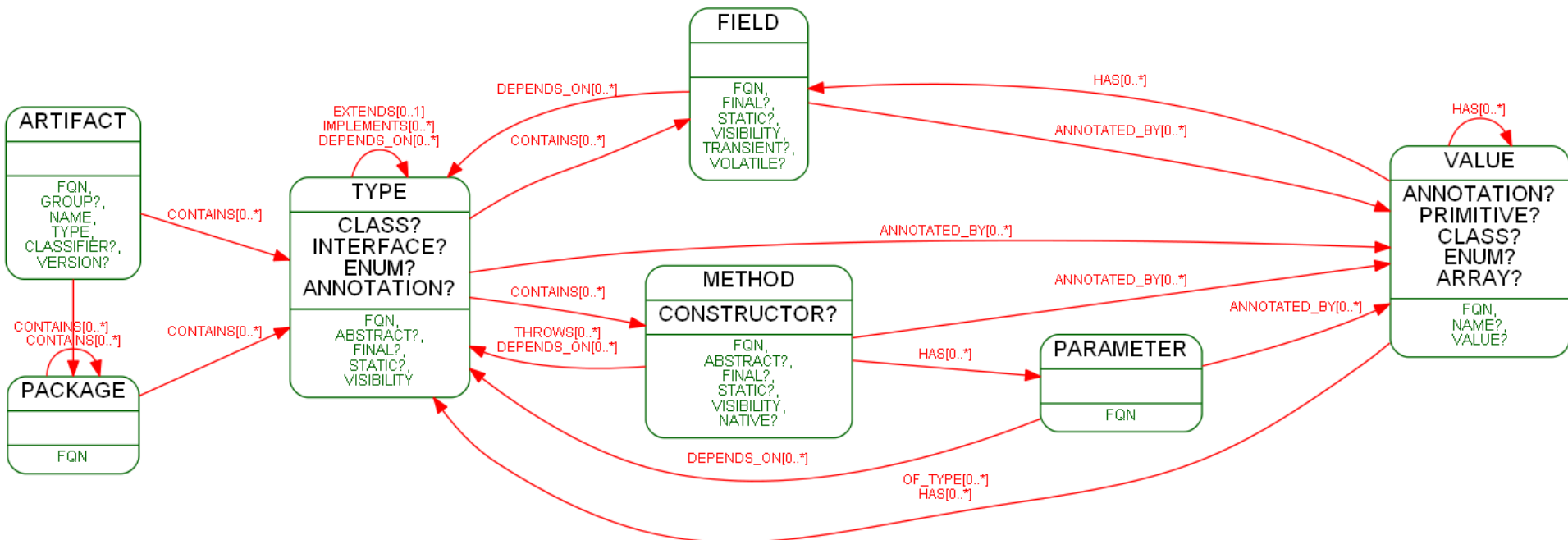
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- Core elements of the „Java software graph model“
  - Nodes and their labels (but without properties)
    - ARTIFACT
    - PACKAGE
    - TYPE, CLASS, INTERFACE, ANNOTATION, ENUM
    - METHOD, CONSTRUCTOR, PARAMETER
    - FIELD
    - VALUE, CLASS, ANNOTATION, ENUM, PRIMITIVE, ARRAY
  - Relationships
    - CONTAINS
    - EXTENDS, IMPLEMENTS
    - RETURNS, THROWS, INVOKES, HAS
    - ANNOTATED\_BY, OF\_TYPE

# Modeling Software Structures As A Graph



## Modeling Software Structures As A Graph

- The model is stored as it has been modeled!

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```
Node node = graphDatabaseService.createNode();  
node.addLabel(MyLabels.TYPE);
```

# Modeling Software Structures As A Graph

- ❑ The model is stored as it has been modeled!
- ❑ Embedded API of Neo4j:

```
Node node = graphDatabaseService.createNode();  
node.addLabel(MyLabels.TYPE);  
node.setProperty("SIGNATURE", "int number")
```



- ❑ The model is stored as it has been modeled!
- ❑ Embedded API of Neo4j:

```
Node node = graphDatabaseService.createNode();  
node.addLabel(MyLabels.TYPE);  
node.setProperty("SIGNATURE", "int number")  
node.createRelationshipTo(otherNode,  
MyRelations.OF_TYPE)
```

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- ❑ All operations (and even more!) also possible via
  - Cypher
  - REST

Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications

Using A Graph Database

# Exploring An Application Using Queries

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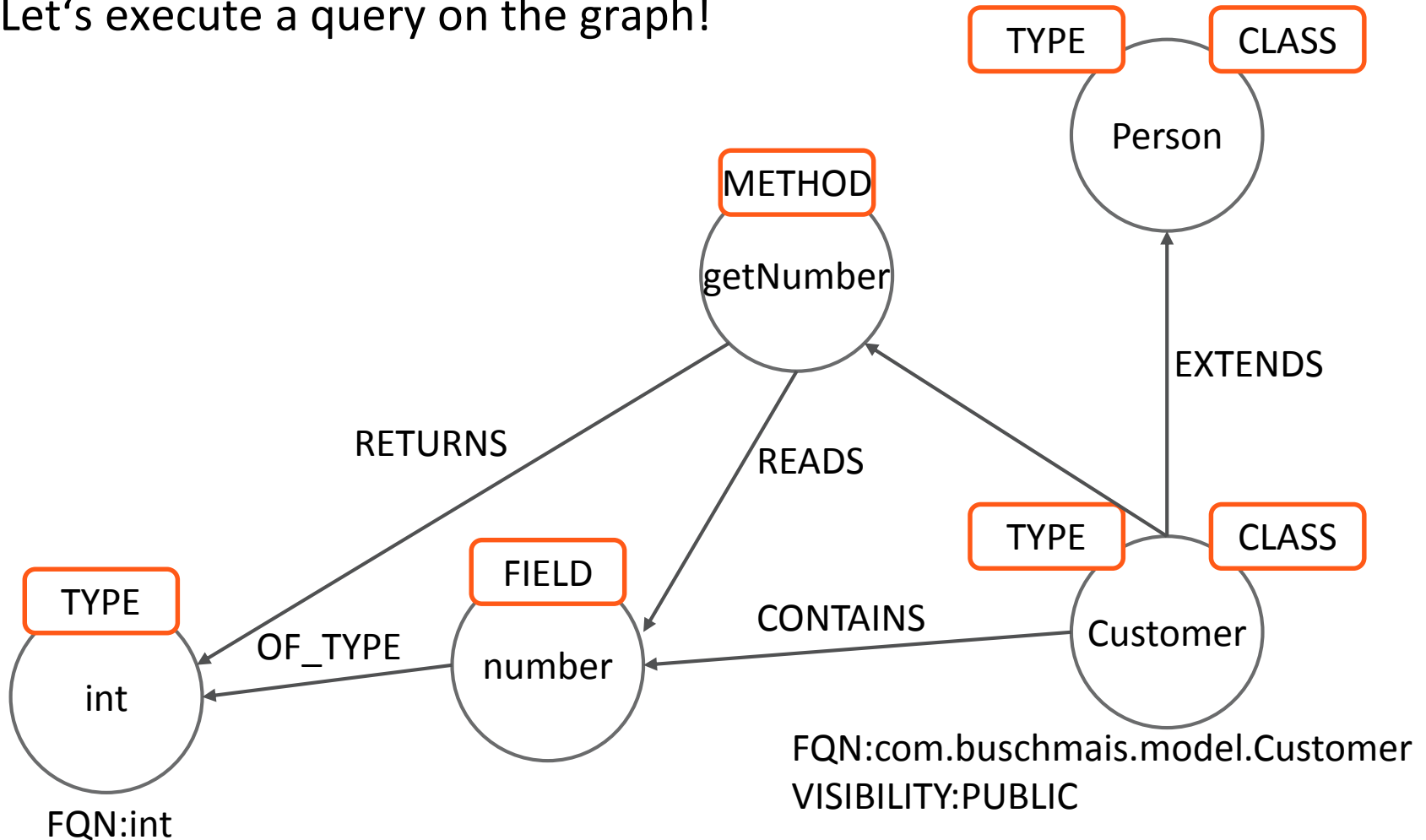
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- Let's execute a query on the graph!

# Exploring An Application Using Queries

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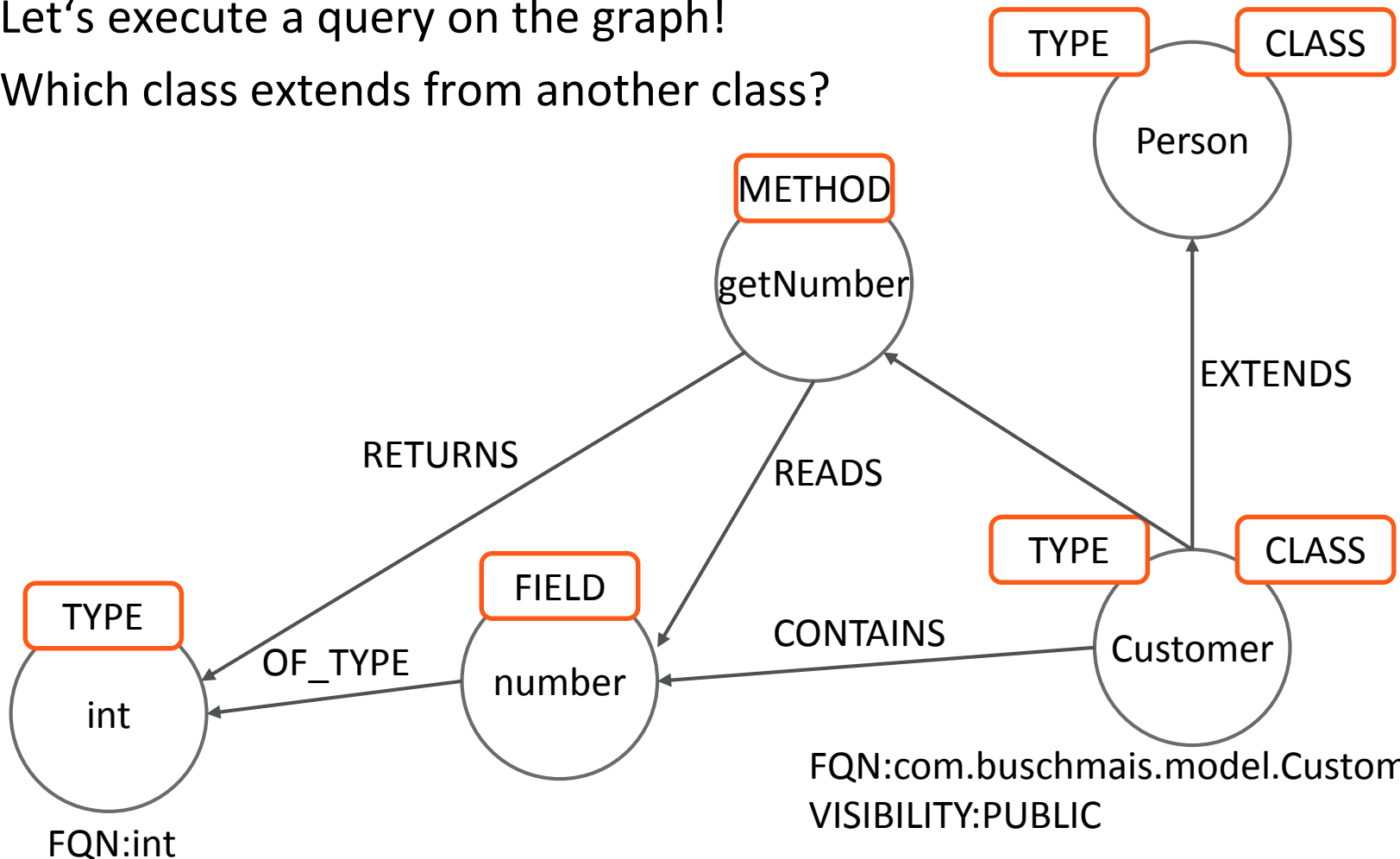
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# Exploring An Application Using Queries

- ❑ Let's execute a query on the graph!
- ❑ Which class extends from another class?

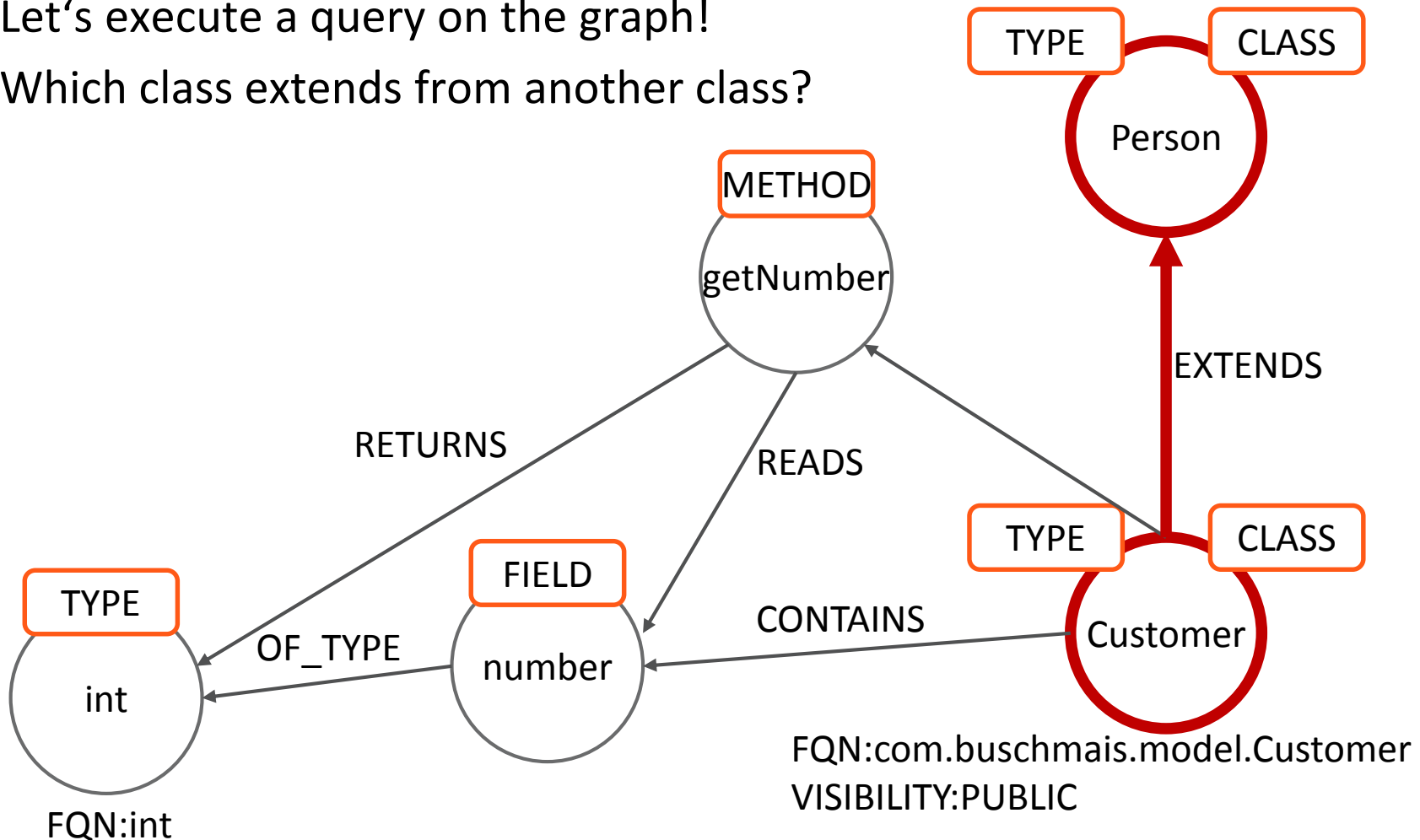
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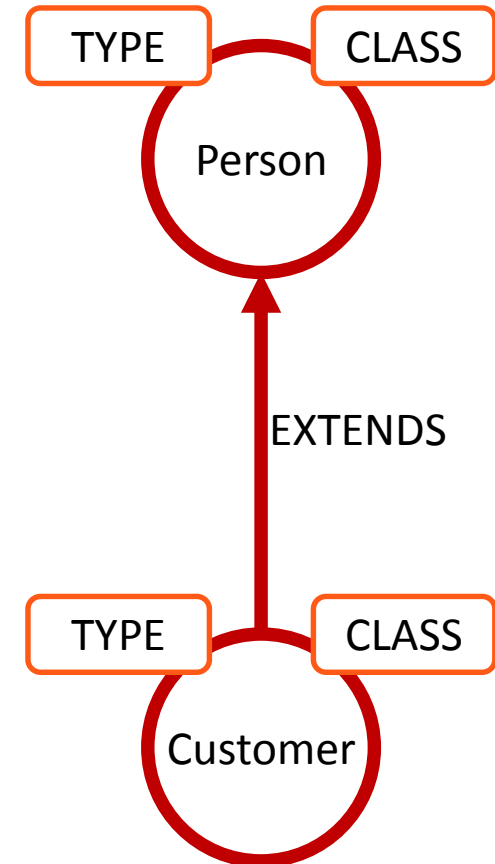
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# Exploring An Application Using Queries

- ❑ Let's execute a query on the graph!
- ❑ Which class extends from another class?
- ❑ How can we express a query on this pattern?

FQN:com.buschmais.model.Person



FQN:com.buschmais.model.Customer  
VISIBILITY:PUBLIC



# Exploring An Application Using Queries



# Exploring An Application Using Queries



# Exploring An Application Using Queries



□ Let's convert this to ASCII art...

# Exploring An Application Using Queries



- Let's convert this to ASCII art...
  - () as nodes

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- Let's convert this to ASCII art...
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- () as nodes
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( ) - [ ] - > ( )



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(c1)-[]->(c2)



- Let's convert this to ASCII art...
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(c1)-[:EXTENDS]->(c2)





- Let's convert this to ASCII art...
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**(c1:CLASS)-[:EXTENDS]->(c2:CLASS)**

# Exploring An Application Using Queries



- Pattern matching is the core principle of Cypher!



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MATCH

**(c1:CLASS) -[:EXTENDS]->(c2:CLASS)**

RETURN

c1.FQN, c2.FQN

## Exploring An Application Using Queries

- Which classes contain the highest number of methods?

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MATCH

```
(class:CLASS) - [ :CONTAINS ] -> (method:METHOD)
```

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```
class.FQN, count(method) as Methods
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ORDER BY

```
Methods DESC
```

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LIMIT 20



## Exploring An Application Using Queries

- Which class has the deepest inheritance hierarchy?

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MATCH

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ORDER BY

```
Depth desc
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MATCH

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## Exploring An Application Using Queries

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- Queries on graph structures allow...
  - Calculation of metrics, e.g.
    - Classes per package, fields/methods per class
    - Depth of inheritance hierarchies
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    - Which methods/classes/packages/artifacts are potentially affected by changes on an element?
  - Validation of constraints and conventions, e.g.
    - Naming rules
    - Cyclic dependencies (types, packages)
    - Internal and external dependencies
      - Modules
      - Frameworks and libraries

Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications

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# Live Demo #1

Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications

Using A Graph Database

# Software, Rules and Erosion

- At the beginning of a new project...
  - Draft of the application architecture
  - Definition of conventions and constraints
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  - Initial setup of the project structure
- Goals
  - Breaking down complexity of problems
  - „Accessibility“ for developers
    - Similar structures and approaches for similar problems
  - Extensibility
    - Defined extension points
  - etc.

## Structures, Rules and Erosion

- Sketch of an architecture

- Sketch of an architecture



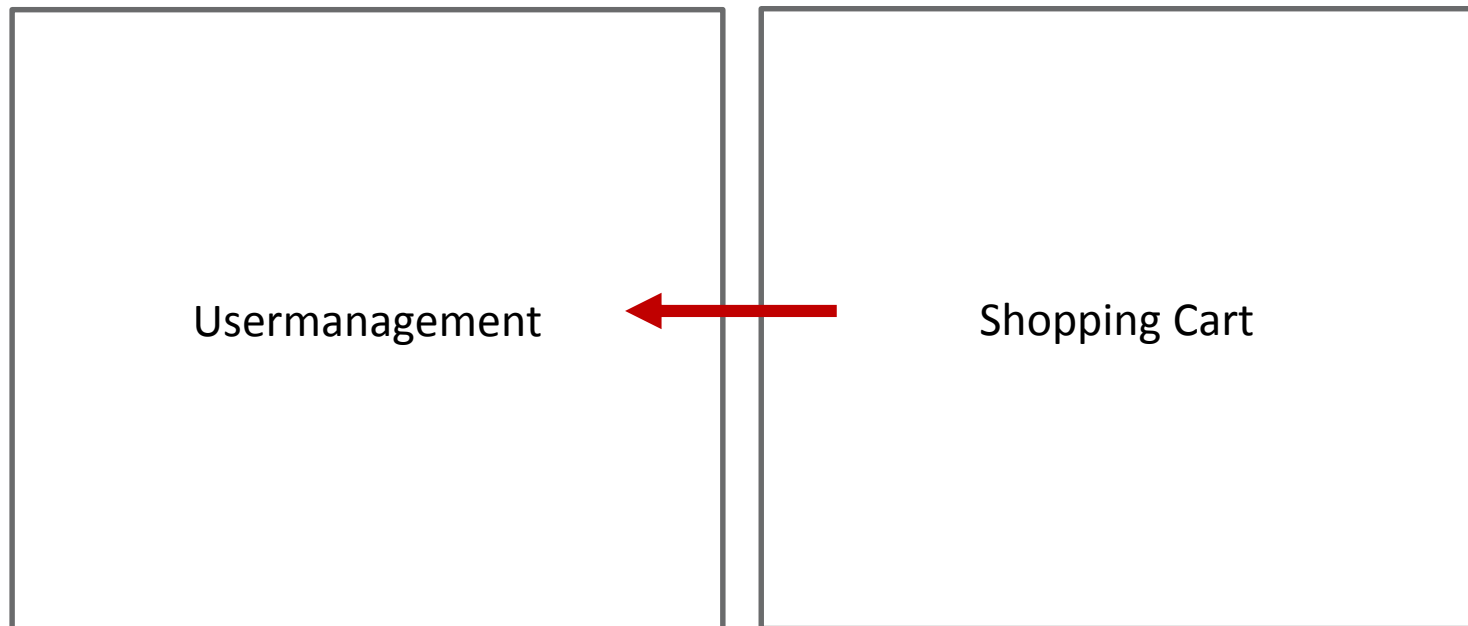
My Big Fat Shopping Application

- Sketch of an architecture
  - Business modules

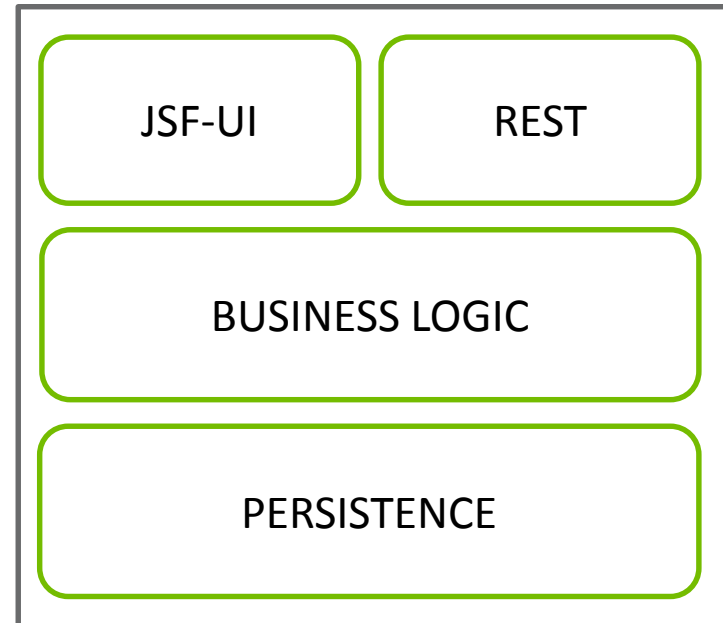
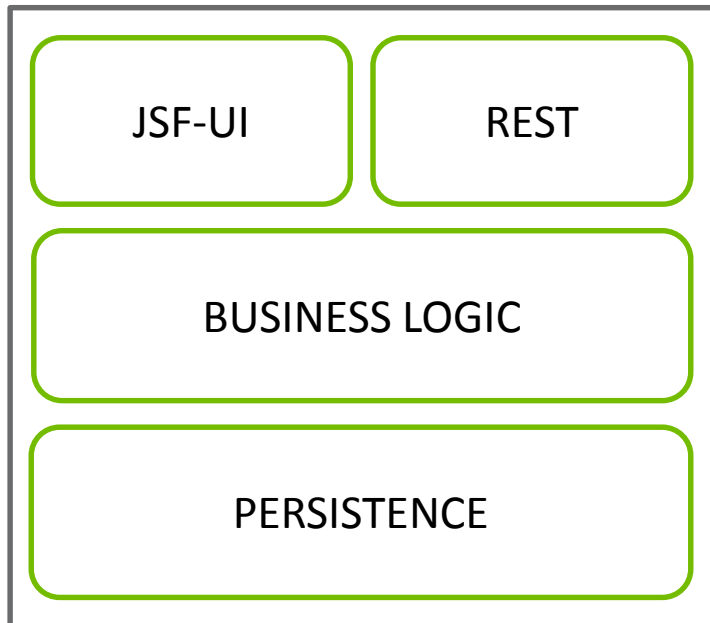




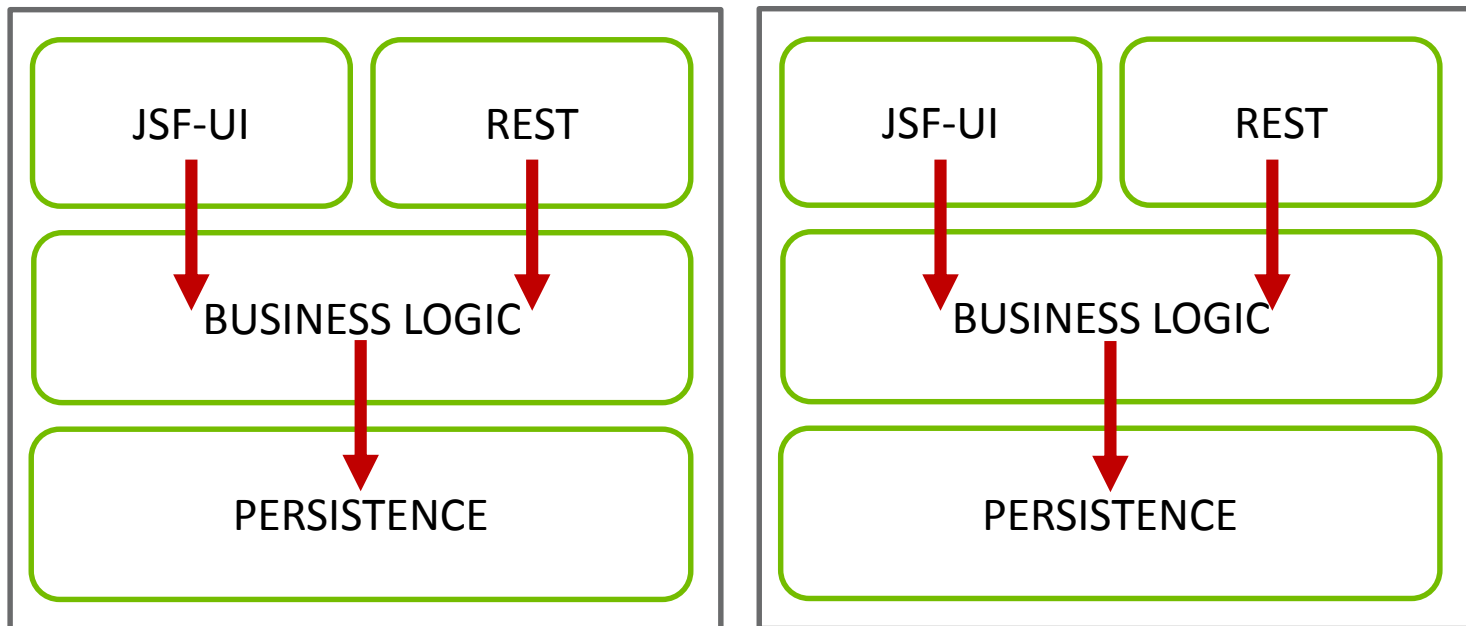
- Sketch of an architecture
  - Defined dependencies between business modules



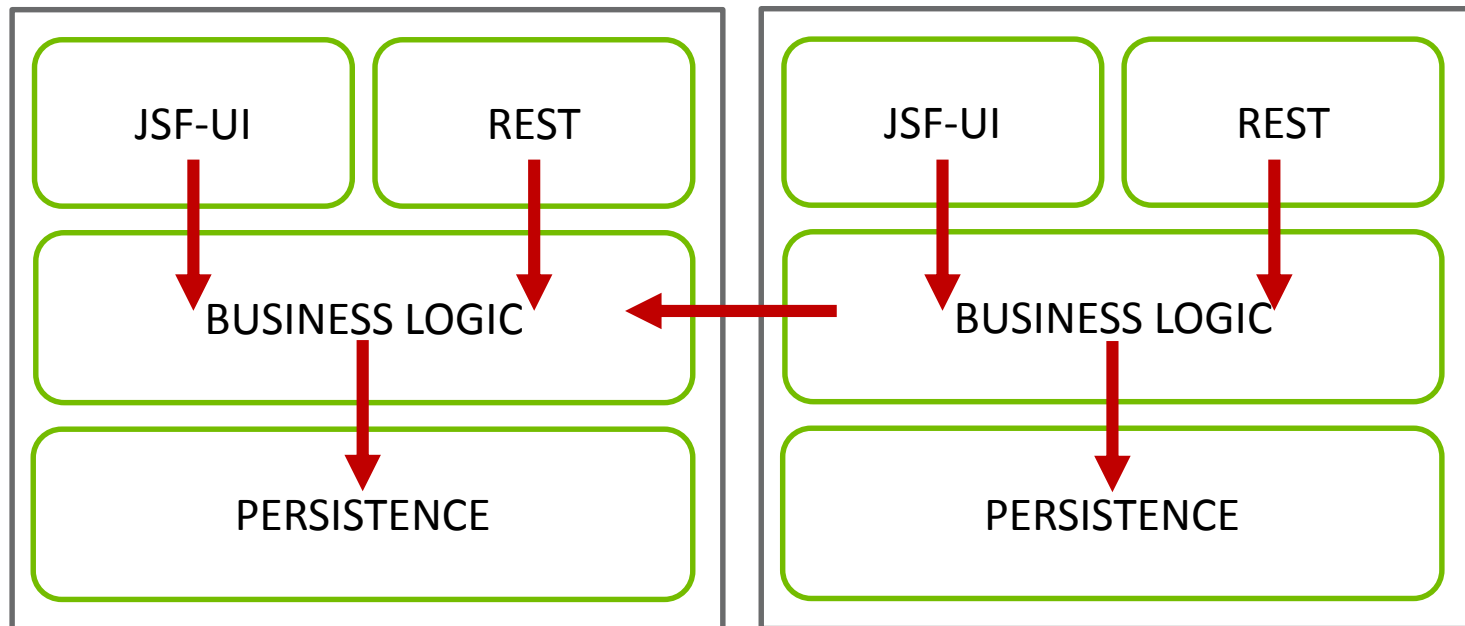
- Sketch of an architecture
  - Technical layering



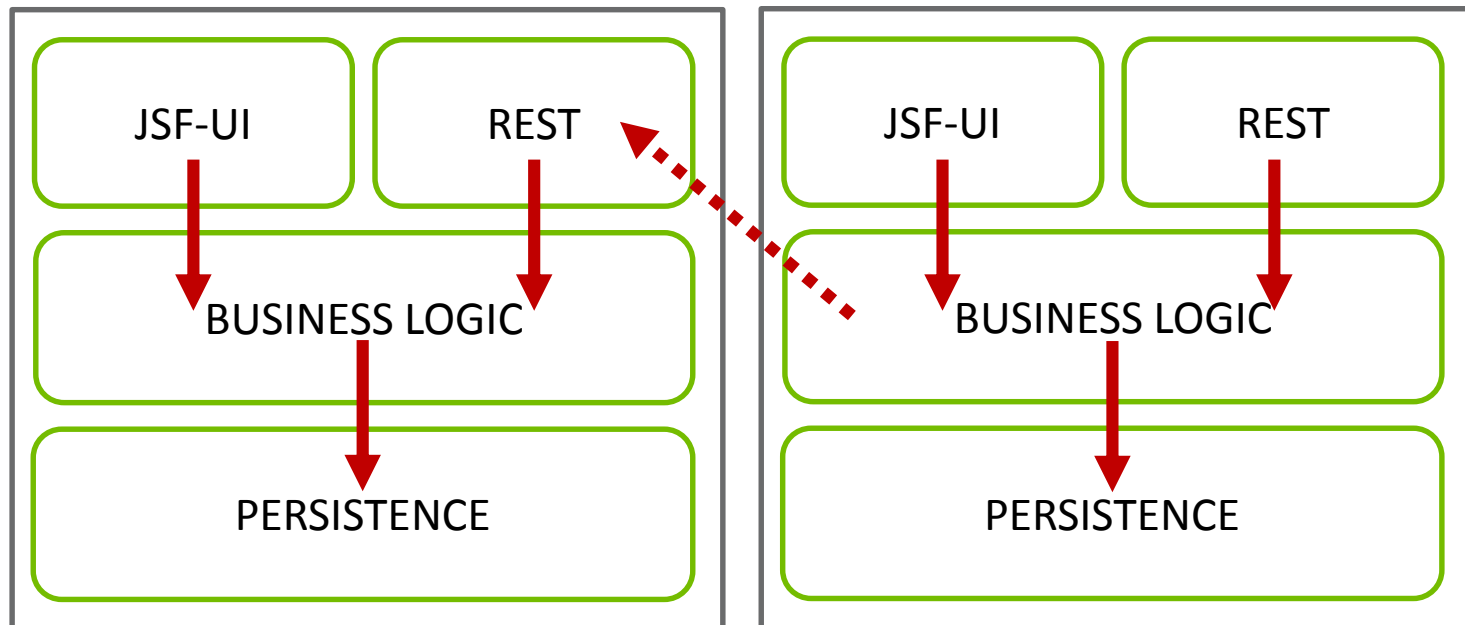
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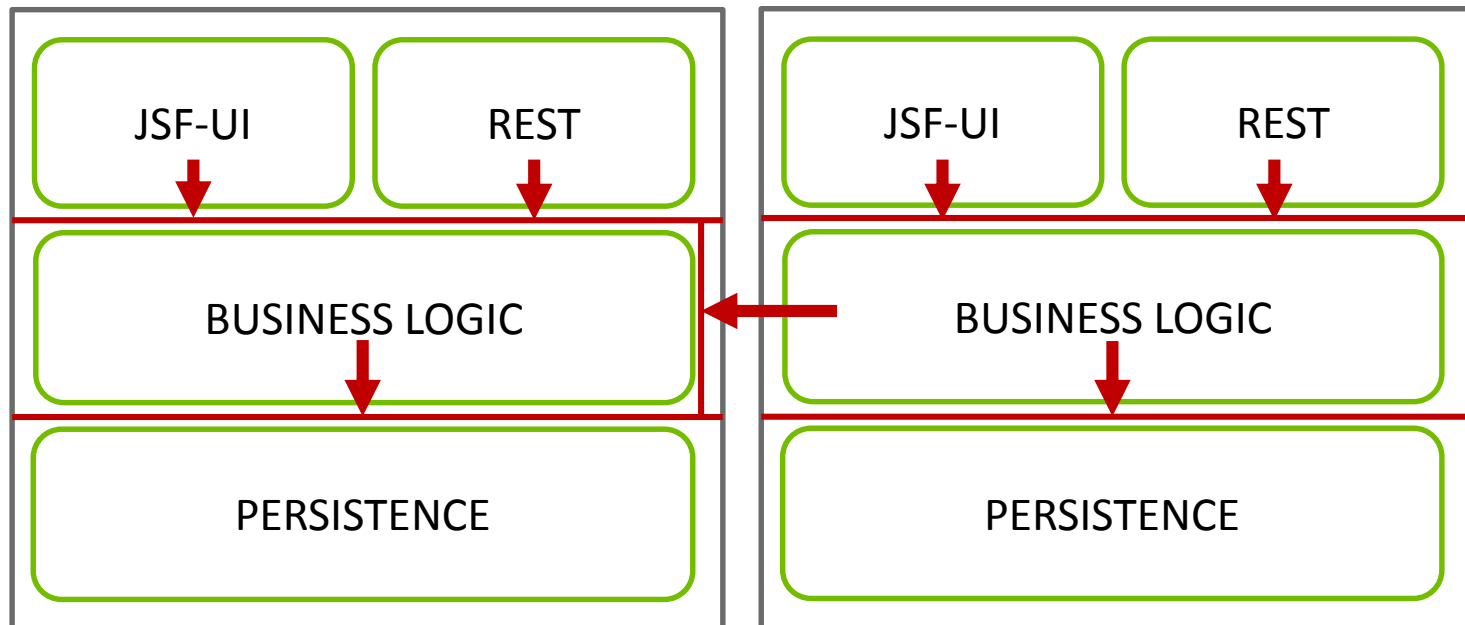
- Sketch of an architecture
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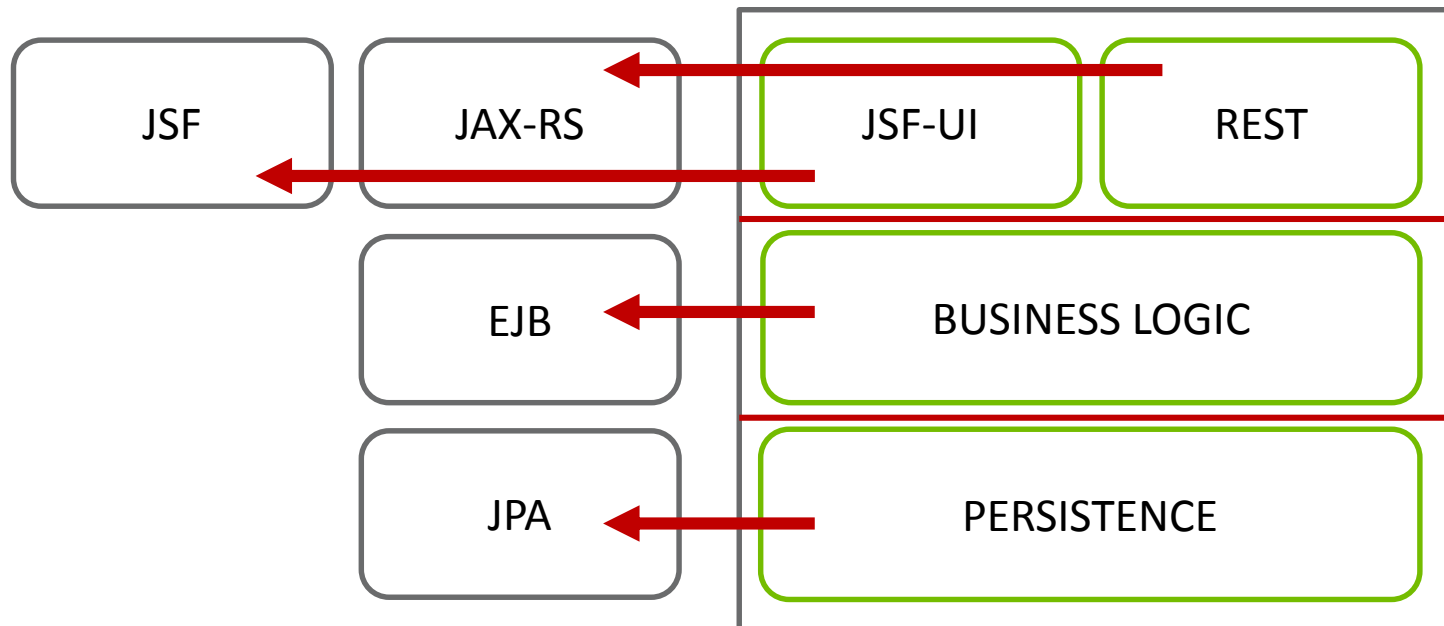
- Sketch of an architecture
  - Defined dependencies of business modules & technical layers



- Sketch of an architecture
  - Decoupling of technical layers (APIs, Interfaces)



- Sketch of an architecture
  - Limitation of the visibility of external dependencies per layer



- Translation of architecture rules into the project structure
  - Java language element: Package



com.buschmais.shop



- Translation of architecture rules into the project structure
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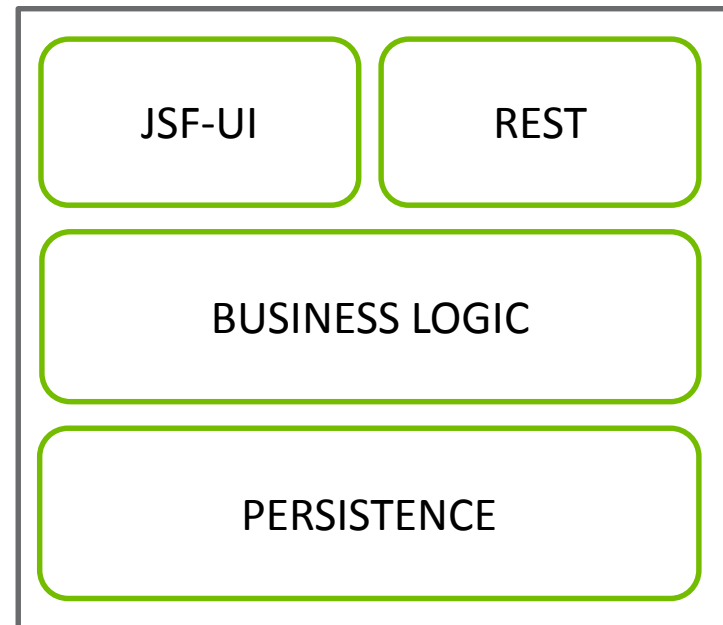


- Definition of business modules on „top level“

- Translation of architecture rules into the project structure
  - Java language element: Package

- Technical layers

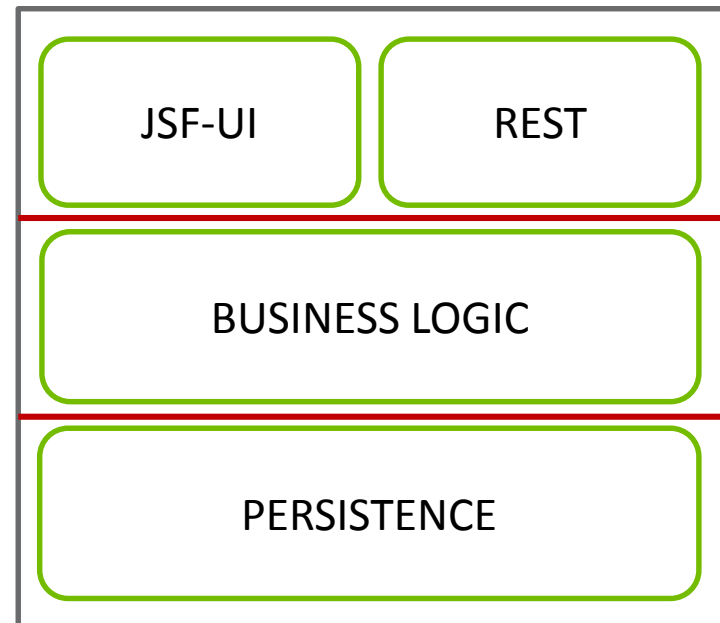
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- ...shop.cart.rest
- ...shop.cart.logic
- ...shop.cart.persistence



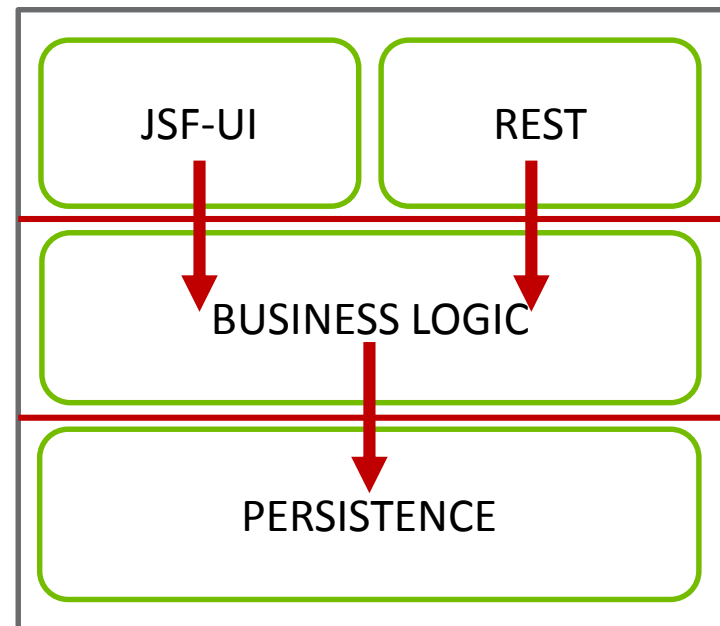
- Translation of architecture rules into the project structure
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- ...shop.cart.ui
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- ...shop.cart.logic.impl
- ...shop.cart.persistence.api
- ...shop.cart.persistence.impl



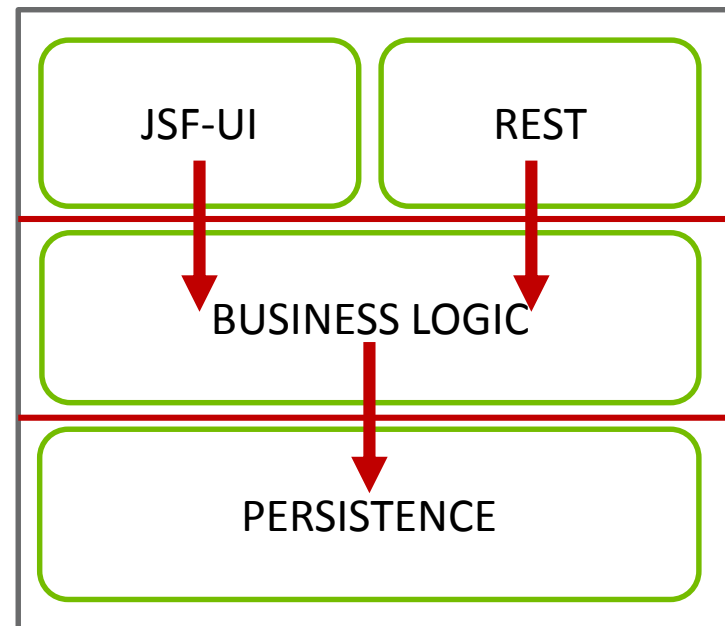
- Translation of architecture rules into the project structure
  - Definition/restriction of allowed dependencies?
  - Not (yet) supported by Java
  - Solution: using dependency management of the build system, e.g. Maven



## □ Translation of architecture rules into the project structure

- Definition of dependencies using the build system...

- Lots of small modules
- Lack of control (changes of build descriptors)
- Unwanted transitive dependencies
- No feedback to the developers, i.e. „You can't do that because...“



- Conventions, e.g. definition of naming rules, e.g.
  - Package names
    - api, spi, impl
  - Suffixes for JPA elements
    - \*Entity, \*Key
  - Suffixes for EJBs
    - \*Bean, \*MDB
  
- But how does all this work in practice?

- „Erosion“ starts at the first day of development!
  - Constantly increasing number of violations of conventions and constraints
  - Even with a one-man developer team...
- Common causes
  - Fast growing complexity of applications
  - Increasing amount and complexity of conventions and constraints
  - Project documentation is never up-to-date
  - Different skill level of developers
  - Different types of developers
  - Time pressure („Hacks“)
  - Broken windows

Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications

Using A Graph Database

# Verification Of Conventions And Constraints



# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

- Approach consisting of 3 steps

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    - Parsing of the application and storing as raw data in a database

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  - 2. Enhancement of raw data by CONCEPT queries
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      - Design concepts (e.g. API vs. implementation)
      - Technical concepts (JPA Entities, EJBs, tests, etc.)
    - Adding relationships
      - class and package dependencies

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      - Technical concepts (JPA Entities, EJBs, tests, etc.)
    - Adding relationships
      - class and package dependencies
  - 3. Execution of CONSTRAINT queries
    - Queries to detect violated rules (conventions and constraints)
      - API classes which depend on implementation classes
      - Message Driven Beans not having the name suffix MDB

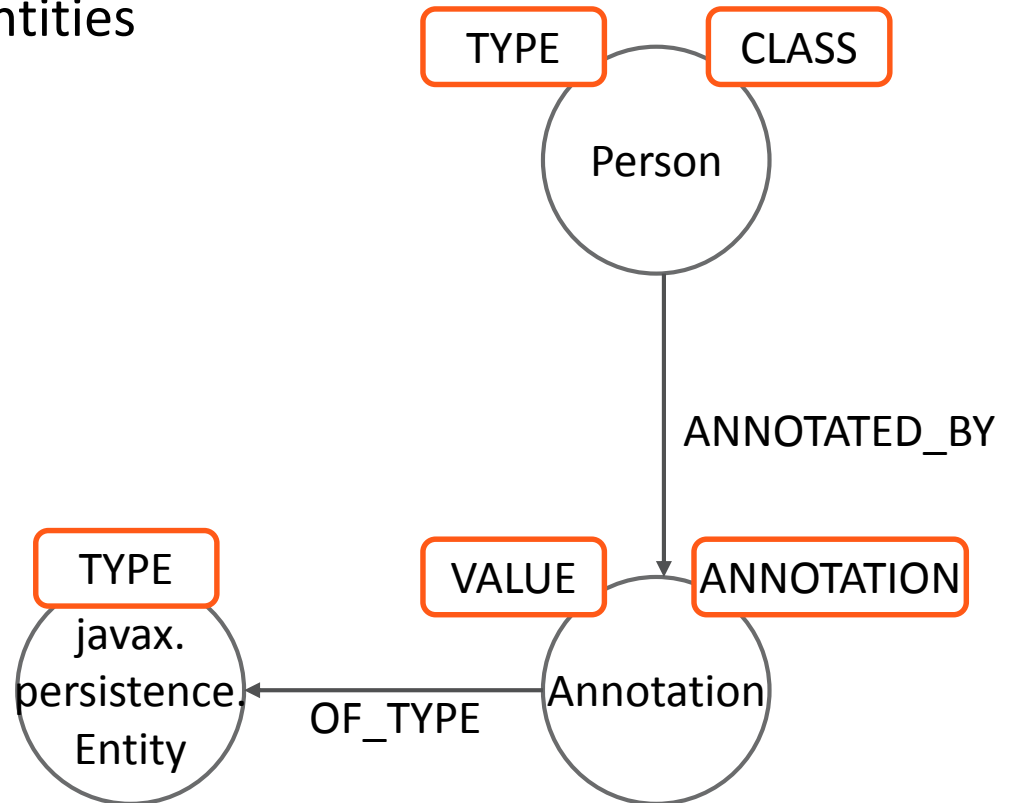
- Concept query: Labeling JPA entities

```
@Entity  
public class Person { ...
```

# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

- Concept query: Labeling JPA entities

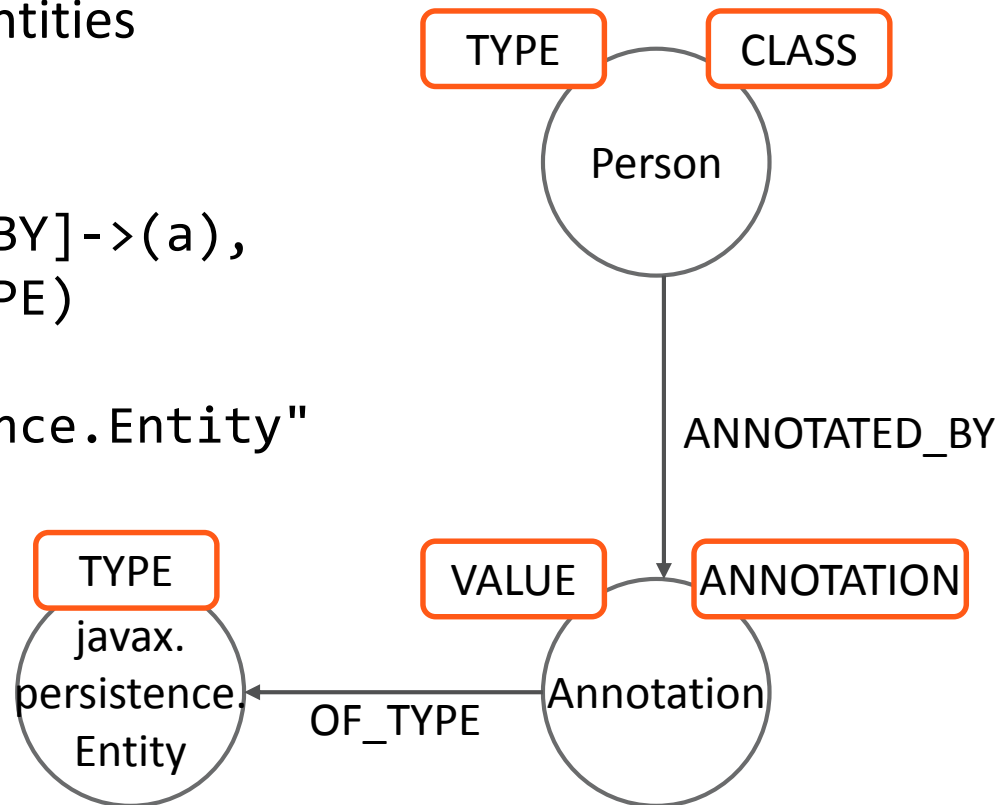
```
@Entity  
public class Person { ...
```



# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

## □ Concept query: Labeling JPA entities

```
MATCH
  (e:CLASS)-[:ANNOTATED_BY]->(a),
  (a)-[:OF_TYPE]->(at:TYPE)
WHERE
  at.FQN="javax.persistence.Entity"
SET
  e:JPA:ENTITY
RETURN
  e.FQN as EntityName
```



# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

## □ Concept query: Labeling JPA entities

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WHERE

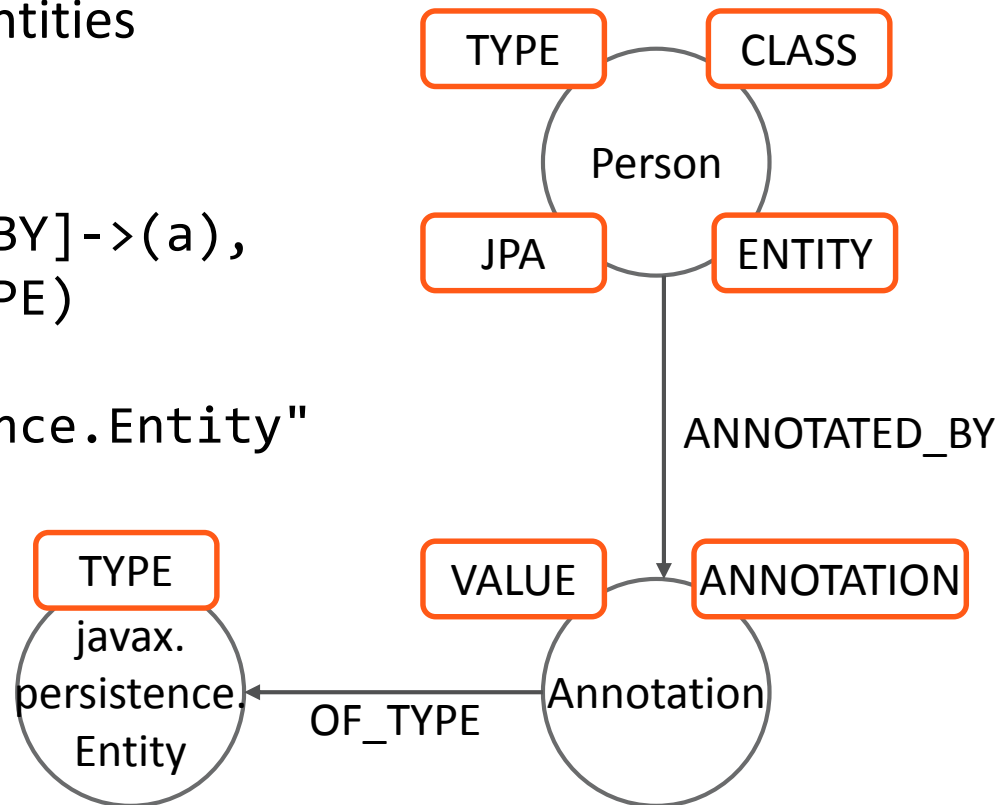
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**e:JPA:ENTITY**

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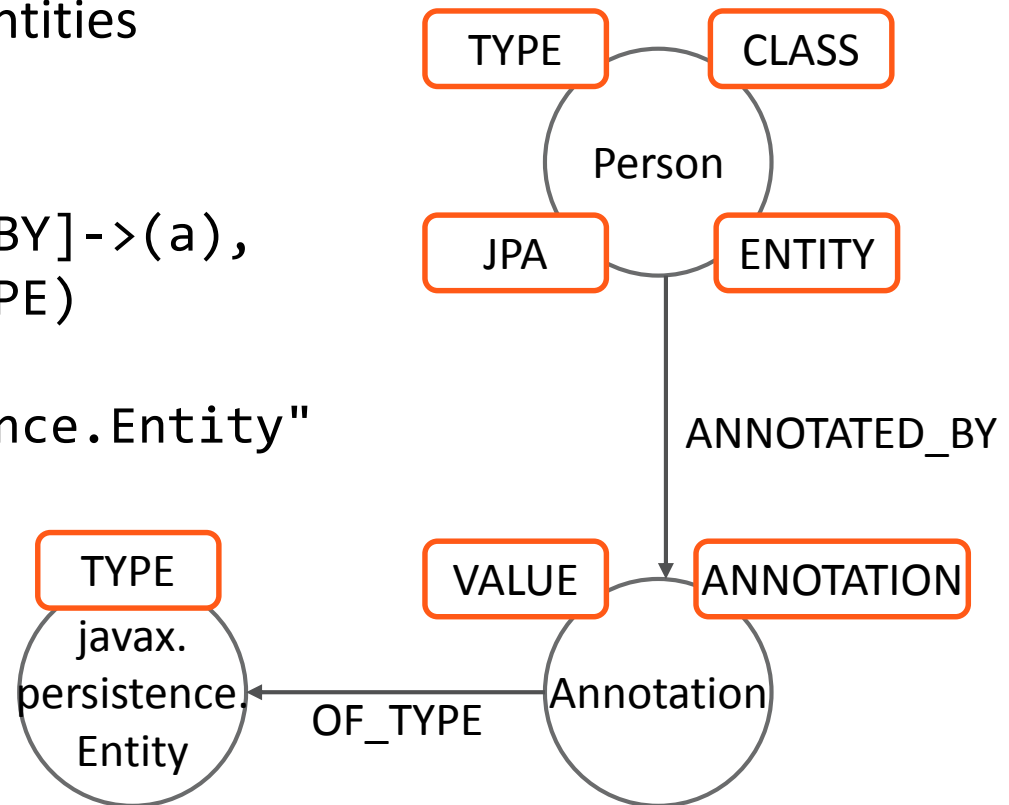
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```

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```
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```

RETURN

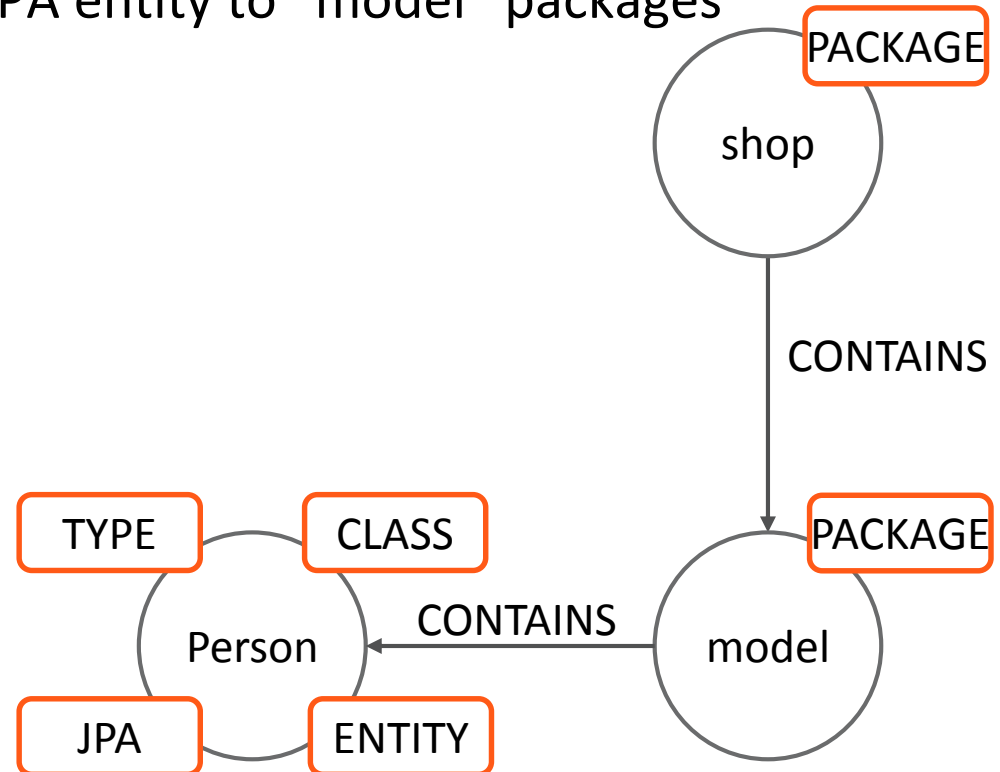
```
e.FQN as EntityName
```



- A concept is **applicable** if its query returns a result

- Constraint query: Restrict JPA entity to “model” packages

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MATCH

(p:PACKAGE) - [:CONTAINS] -> (e)

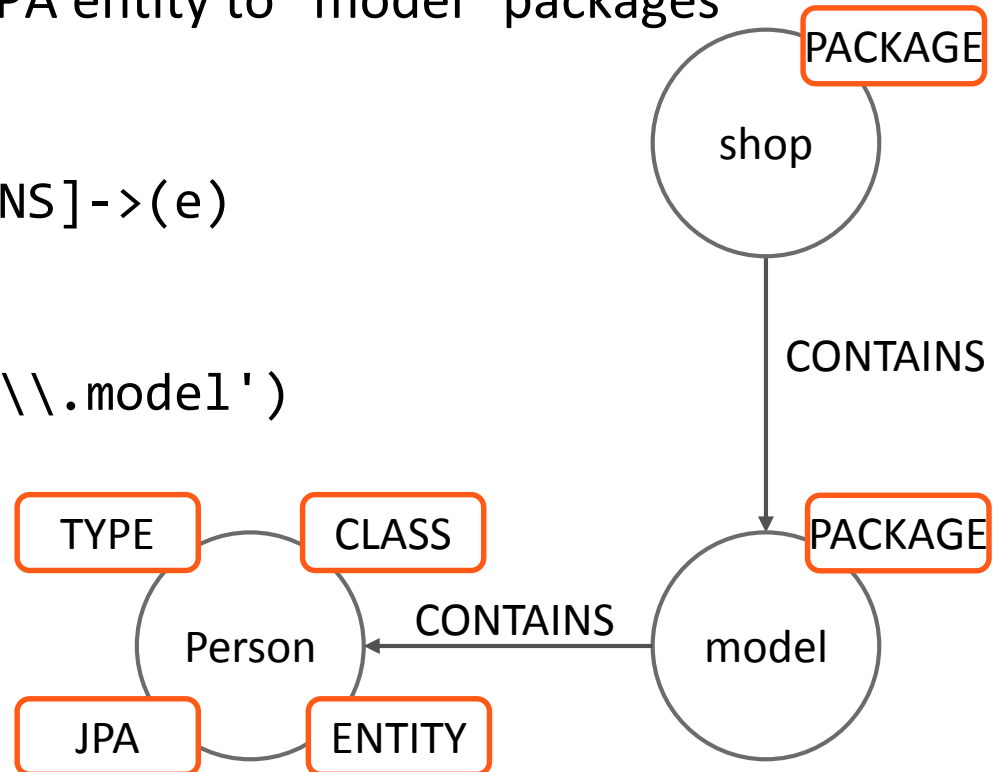
WHERE

e:JPA:ENTITY

AND **NOT**(p.FQN =~ '.\*\\.model')

RETURN

e.FQN as EntityName



- Constraint query: Restrict JPA entity to “model” packages

MATCH

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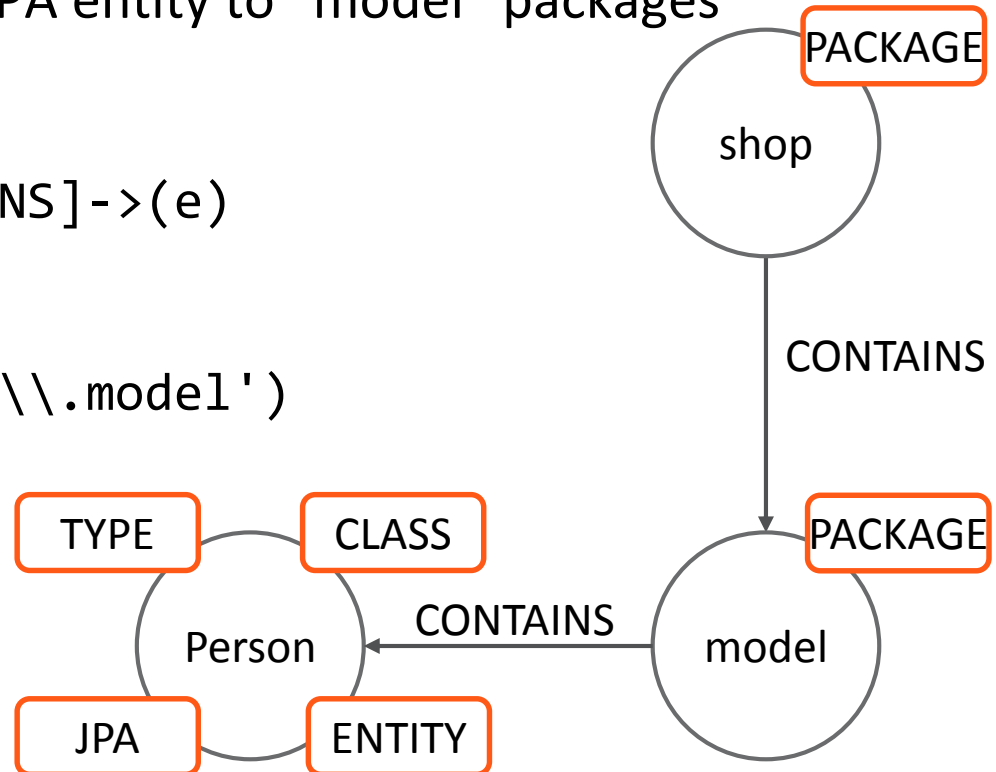
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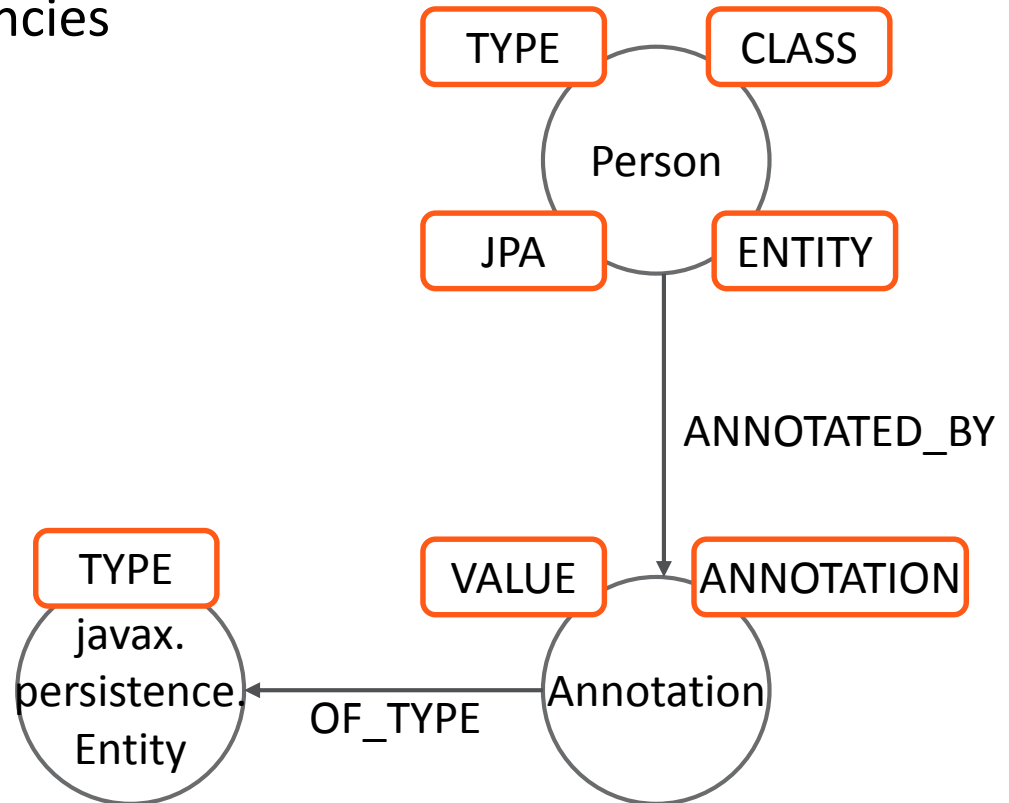
e.FQN as EntityName



- A constraint is **violated** if its query returns a result

# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

- Concept query: Type dependencies



# Validation Of Conventions And Constraints

- Concept query: Type dependencies

MATCH

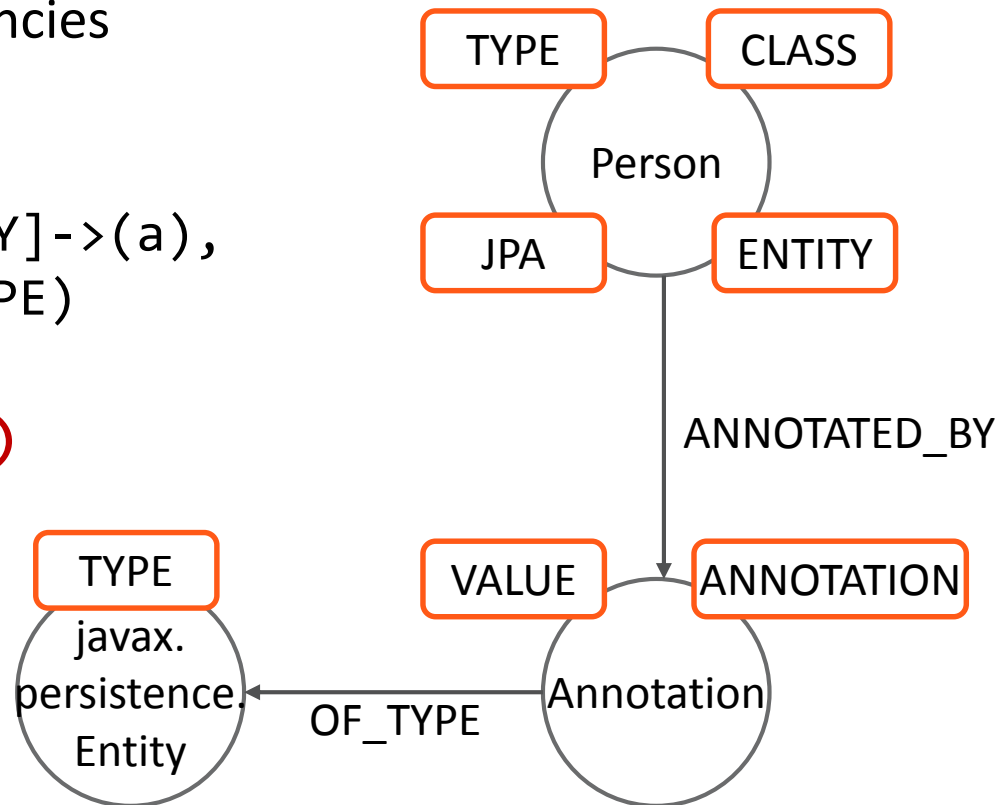
```
(t:TYPE) -[:ANNOTATED_BY]->(a),  
(a) -[:OF_TYPE]->(at:TYPE)
```

**CREATE UNIQUE**

```
(t) -[:DEPENDS_ON]->(at)
```

RETURN

```
count(t)  
as AnnotatedTypes
```



## □ Concept query: Type dependencies

MATCH

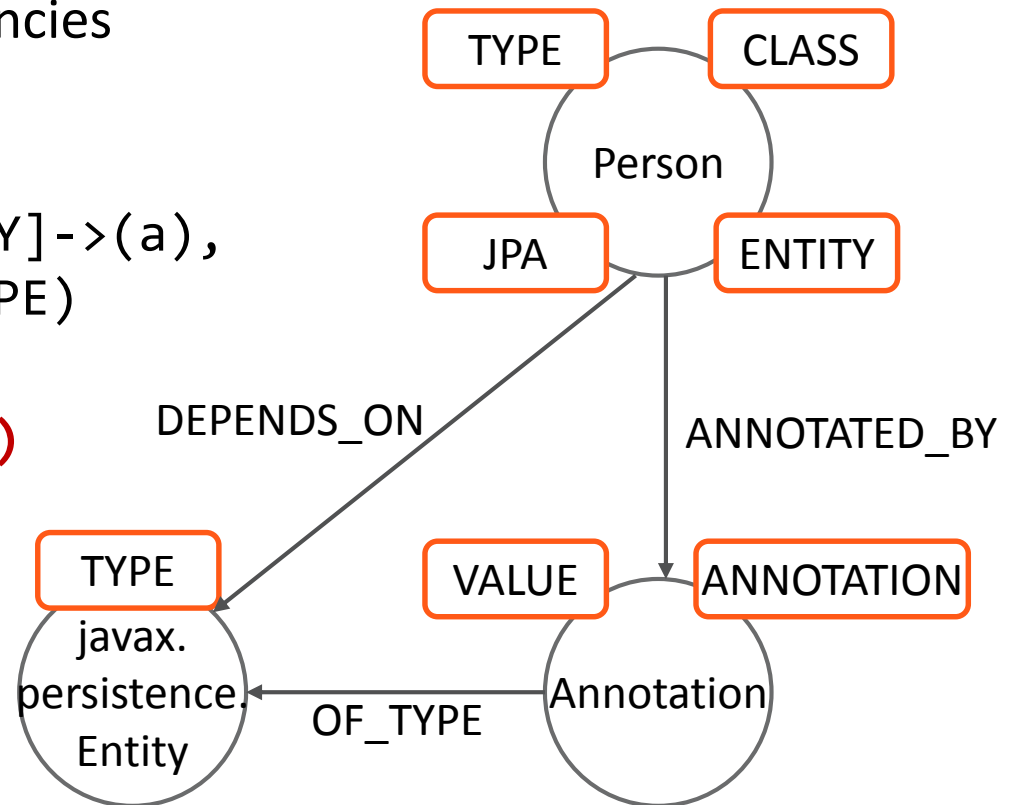
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count(t)  
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Exploration And Verification Of Java Applications  
Using A Graph Database

jQAAssistant

- ❑ Homepage <http://github.com/buschmais/jqassistant>
- ❑ License: Apache Software License 2.0
- ❑ Milestone 1.0.0-M1
- ❑ Based on Neo4j (embedded)
- ❑ Tool for definition and validation of coding, design and architecture rules.
  - Scan of bytecode, property files, descriptors, etc.
  - Re-usable rules in XML descriptors
  - Cypher based queries
  - Reporting with comprehensive violation messages
- ❑ Integration in build process
  - Maven Plugin

- Rule definitions
  - Cypher queries specified in XML files...

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  - ...in a project directory (project/jqassistant), or...

## □ Rule definitions

- Cypher queries specified in XML files...
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- ...as part of plugins for re-usable rules
  - Technical concepts, e.g. JPA entities, EJBs, test classes and methods, etc.
  - Dependency concepts, e.g. class and package dependencies
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- ...in a project directory (project/jqassistant), or...
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  - Technical concepts, e.g. JPA entities, EJBs, test classes and methods, etc.
  - Dependency concepts, e.g. class and package dependencies
  - Dependency constraints, e.g. cyclic package constraints
- Rules can have dependencies on each other
  - e.g. concept package dependencies requires concept type (dependencies)
  - jQAssistant resolves correct order and executes only required rules

- Rule definitions: Concept

## □ Rule definitions: Concept

```
<jqa:jqassistant-rules xmlns:jqa="...">
```

```
  <concept id="jpa2:Entity">
```

```
    <description>Labels all types annotated with  
    @javax.persistence.Entity with JPA and ENTITY.</description>
```

```
    <cypher><![CDATA[
```

```
      MATCH
```

```
        (t:TYPE)-[:ANNOTATED_BY]->()-[:OF_TYPE]->(a:TYPE)
```

```
        WHERE a.FQN="javax.persistence.Entity"
```

```
        SET t:JPA:ENTITY
```

```
        RETURN t AS jpaEntity
```

```
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```

```
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```

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```
<jqa:jqassistant-rules xmlns:jqa="...">
```

```
<constraint id="JpaEntitiesInModelPackage">
```

```
<requiresConcept refId="jpa2:Entity"/>
```

```
<description>All JPA entities must be located in the  
packages named "model".</description>
```

```
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```
  MATCH (p:PACKAGE)-[:CONTAINS]->(e)
```

```
    WHERE e:JPA AND e:ENTITY AND NOT(p.FQN =~ ".*\.model)
```

```
  RETURN
```

```
    e AS jpaEntity
```

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```
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```
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```

- Rule definitions: Group



## □ Rule definitions: Group

```
<jqa:jqassistant-rules xmlns:jqa="...">
```

```
  <group id="default">
    <includeConstraint
      refId="abstractness:ApiMustNotDependOnImplementation"/>
    <includeConstraint
      refId="JpaEntitiesInModelPackage"/>
    <includeConstraint
      refId="EjbLocatedInImplementationPackage"/>
    <includeConstraint refId="TestClassnameHasTestSuffix"/>
    <includeConstraint refId="dependency:TypeCycles"/>
    <includeConstraint refId="dependency:ArtifactCycles"/>
  </group>
```

```
</jqa:jqassistant-rules>
```

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    <includeConstraint refId="dependency:TypeCycles"/>
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  </group>
```

```
</jqa:jqassistant-rules>
```

## Maven goals

### scan

- Scan the byte code

### available-rules

- List all available rules

### effective-rules

- List all rules which would be applied in the current configuration

### analyze

- Execute analysis according to the effective rules

### report

- Creates a report for maven sites

### server

- Run the embedded Neo4j server

- Plugin based and extensible
  - jQAssistant is just a framework
  - Plugins provide scanner and rules
    - Java
      - class and property file scanner
      - dependency concepts and constraints (cycles)
    - JPA2
      - persistence descriptor scanner (persistence.xml)
      - JPA entity concept
    - EJB3
      - concepts for EJB types and interfaces (local, remote)
    - JUnit4
      - Test methods and classes
      - Ignored tests

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# Live Demo #2

## Plugins

- More scanners

- e.g. CDI

  - Scanner for beans.xml

  - Concepts for beans, injection points and producer, interceptors, delegates, ...

- Rules, rules, rules

  - Community?

## jQAssistant – Wishlist

- Visualization
  - Heat maps
    - e.g. dependencies of packages or modules
- Tool integration
  - Gradle
  - Jenkins
  - Sonar
  - Eclipse
    - „Manual“ query execution
    - On-The-Fly scan & analysis
- More documentation
  - Cook Books

## More Information

- 1 Day Workshop (03/04/2014)
  - Introduction Neo4j
  - Defining conventions and constraints for software projects
  - Integration of jQAssistant in the development process
  
- Neo4j
  - Tutorial (1 day workshop)
    - Data modelling, Cypher, use cases
  - Meetup
    - Community events for Neo4j users (beginners & professionals)
    - Discussion of use case scenarios, problems and solutions
    - Free pizza and beer!



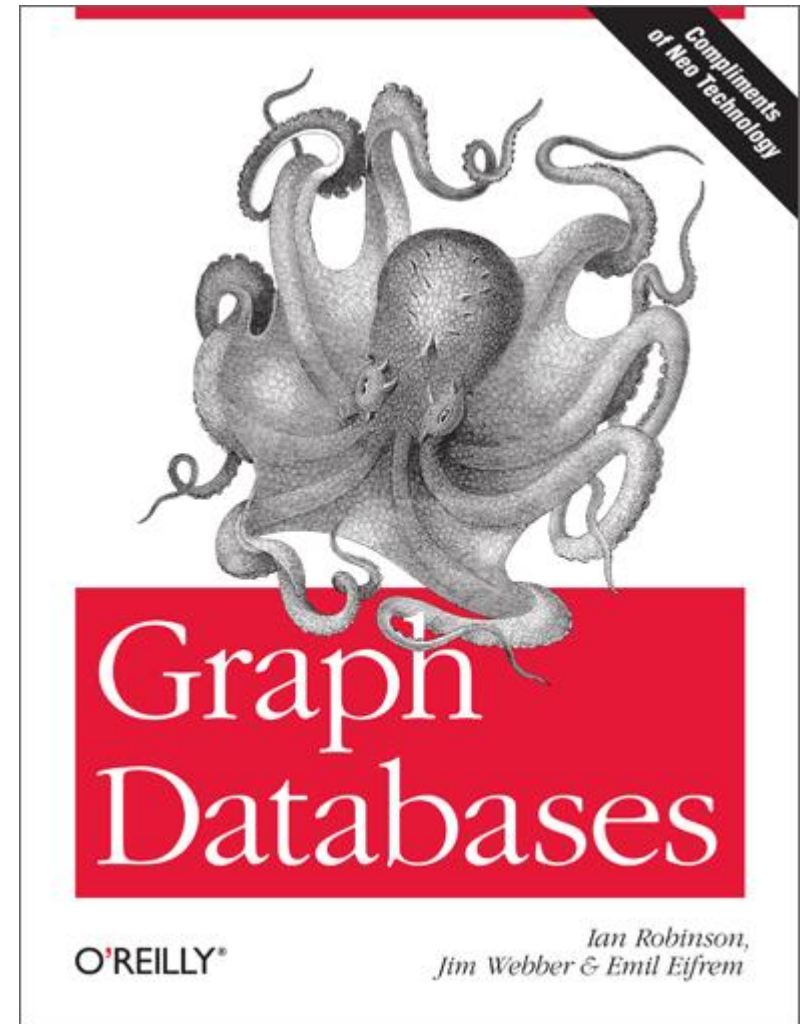
## More Information

### □ Graph Databases

- Ian Robinson, Jim Webber, Emil Eifrem
- O'Reilly Media
- 1. Auflage
- ISBN: 978-1449356262

buschmais

Beratung . Technologie . Innovation



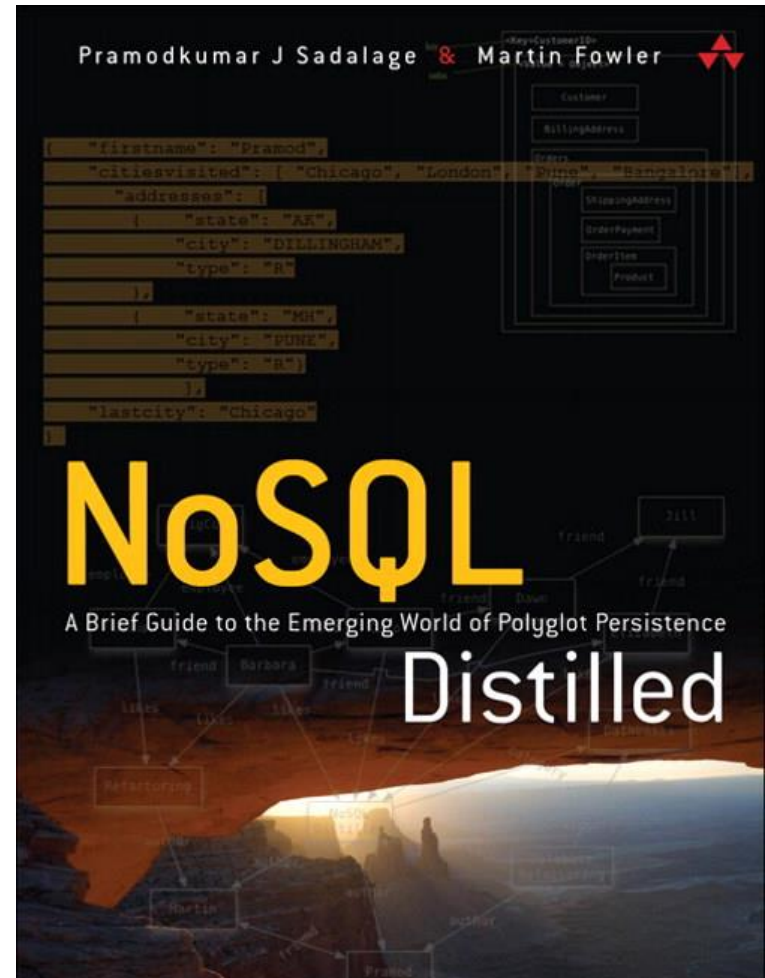
## More Information

### □ NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence

- Pramodkumar J. Sadalage, Martin Fowler
- Addison-Wesley Longman
- ISBN: 978-0321826626

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## More Information

- Hypermodelling - Next Level Software Engineering with Data Warehouses  
[http://accepted.hypermodelling.com/frey\\_magdeburg\\_dissertation\\_hypermodelling\\_2013.pdf](http://accepted.hypermodelling.com/frey_magdeburg_dissertation_hypermodelling_2013.pdf)
- Oliver Gierke: Ooops, where did my architecture go?  
<http://www.slideshare.net/olivergierke/whoops-where-did-my-architecture-go-10414858>

## More Information

- ❑ Raoul-Gabriel Urma: Expressive and Scalable Source Code Queries with Graph Databases [Paper]  
<http://urma.com/pdf/oopsla13.pdf>
- ❑ Pavlo Baron: Graphlr, a ANTLR storage in Neo4j  
<http://github.com/pavlobaron/graphlr>
- ❑ Michael Hunger: Class-Graph  
<http://github.com/jexp/class-graph>

# Vielen Dank! Thank you!

## Questions?



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